1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
3		
4	November 2, 2	<b>020</b> - 10:06 a.m. <b>DAY 2</b>
5		{REDACTED-For PUBLIC Use}
6		
7	[Ren	ote Hearing conducted via Webex]
8		LIBERTY UTILITIES (ENERGYNORTH
9 L0		NATURAL GAS) CORP. d/b/a LIBERTY UTILITIES - KEENE DIVISION: Winter 2020-2021 Cost of Gas.
L1		Chairwoman Dianne Martin, Presiding Cmsr. Kathryn M. Bailey
L 2		CMSI. Rachiyn M. Dailey
L3		Jody Carmody, Clerk Eric Wind, PUC Remote Hearing Host
L 4		
L 5 L 6	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Liberty Utilities (EnergyNorth Natural Gas) Corp. d/b/a Liberty Utilities - Keene Division:
L 7		Michael J. Sheehan, Esq.
L 8		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: Christa Shute, Esq. Office of Consumer Advocate
L 9		
20		Reptg. PUC Staff: Mary Schwarzer, Esq.
21		
22		
23	Court Rep	orter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
2 4	[REDA(	CTED - For PUBLIC Use]

1	
2	INDEX
3	PAGE NO.
4	WITNESS PANEL: STEPHEN P. FRINK
5	RANDALL S. KNEPPER
6	Direct examination by Ms. Schwarzer 9
7	Cross-examination by Ms. Shute 51
8	Cross-examination by Mr. Sheehan 62
9	Interrogatories by Cmsr. Bailey 118
10	Interrogatories by Chairwoman Martin 123
11	Redirect examination by Ms. Schwarzer 131
12	
13	* * *
14	
15	EXHIBITS
16	EXHIBIT NO. DESCRIPTION PAGE NO.
17	10 Testimony of Randall S. premarked
18	Knepper, with attachments
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

#### PROCEEDING

1.3

2.2

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: We're here this morning in Docket DG 20-152, to continue the hearing regarding the Liberty Utilities

Corporation's Keene Winter 2020-2021 Cost of Gas filing.

We already made the necessary findings to hold this remote hearing at the last day of hearings. I will remind everyone that, if you have a problem during today's hearing, please call (603)271-2431. In the event the public is unable to access the hearing, this hearing will be adjourned and rescheduled.

Okay. Let's take roll call attendance of the Commission.

My name is Dianne Martin. I am the Chairwoman at the Public Utilities Commission. And I am alone.

Commissioner Bailey.

CMSR. BAILEY: Good morning, everyone. Kathryn Bailey, Commissioner at the PUC. And my mother, Sheila Mosher, is with me today.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.

And let's take appearances, starting with

1	Mr. Sheehan.
2	MR. SHEEHAN: Good morning, everyone.
3	Mike Sheehan, for Liberty Utilities (Energy
4	Natural Gas) Keene Division.
5	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Good
6	morning. Ms. Shute.
7	MS. SHUTE: Good morning, Commissioners
8	and parties. Christa Shute, Staff Attorney for
9	the Office of the Consumer Advocate, on behalf of
10	residential customers.
11	Thank you.
12	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Good morning. And
13	Ms. Schwarzer.
13 14	Ms. Schwarzer.  MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam
14	MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam
14 15	MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam Chairwoman, Commissioner Bailey. I'm Mary
14 15 16	MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam Chairwoman, Commissioner Bailey. I'm Mary Schwarzer, Staff Attorney with the Public
14 15 16	MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam Chairwoman, Commissioner Bailey. I'm Mary Schwarzer, Staff Attorney with the Public Utilities Commission.
14 15 16 17	MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam Chairwoman, Commissioner Bailey. I'm Mary Schwarzer, Staff Attorney with the Public Utilities Commission. CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: All right. Good
14 15 16 17 18	MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam Chairwoman, Commissioner Bailey. I'm Mary Schwarzer, Staff Attorney with the Public Utilities Commission. CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: All right. Good morning, everyone.
14 15 16 17 18 19	MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam Chairwoman, Commissioner Bailey. I'm Mary Schwarzer, Staff Attorney with the Public Utilities Commission. CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: All right. Good morning, everyone. So, we are resuming where we left off.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MS. SCHWARZER: Good morning, Madam Chairwoman, Commissioner Bailey. I'm Mary Schwarzer, Staff Attorney with the Public Utilities Commission.  CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: All right. Good morning, everyone.  So, we are resuming where we left off. At the last hearing, we did admit some of the

1 identification. 2. Ms. Schwarzer. 3 MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Madam 4 Chairwoman. There's a procedural matter that I 5 wanted to address before we start, resume 6 testimony. 7 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. There is an exhibit, 8 MS. SCHWARZER: Exhibit 9, that I will be asking Mr. Frink to 9 address. Because the Bates numbers were double 10 11 imprinted on what was initially filed, Staff has 12 filed replacement Exhibit 9 this morning, with 1.3 clearer Bates numbers, that includes the rates that Mr. Frink testified to orally on October 14 15 23rd, and that changes one date from "2012", 16 which was a typing error, to "2021". 17 So, that's the procedural matter that I 18 wanted to bring to your attention. 19 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Where does that 20 change occur? 2.1 MS. SCHWARZER: On Page 3, Bates 3. 2.2 But that change has been made in the new 23 Exhibit 9. 24 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. I just want

to make sure we're clear for the record what change happened. So, at Page 3, it changed from "2020" to "2021"?

1.3

2.2

MS. SCHWARZER: It changed "2020 to 2012", the increment that was just wrong, to "2020 to 2021".

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.

MS. SCHWARZER: Sure. And counsel also for the parties and Staff had a very brief discussion this morning. A concern was raised about whether administrative notice needed to be taken of other exhibits, testimony, or orders in other dockets. And staff for Liberty and OCA and I all agree that that was not necessary. That we would just proceed. It would be very time-consuming to do that at this point.

So, with your permission, the counsels' view is that exhibits and testimony, as well as orders in other dockets, need not be identified for administrative notice at this time.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: So, will you be referencing those in your testimony or how will they come up?

MS. SCHWARZER: They would come up in

1	testimony or in answers to responses that have
2	been marked as exhibits. That's how we envision.
3	And several of them have already been mentioned
4	or referenced.
5	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. I do believe
6	we can take administrative notice of those
7	references when they occur.
8	MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you.
9	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Carmody?
10	MS. CARMODY: Yes. I'm just wondering,
11	what do I do with the replacement exhibit? Am I
12	truly replacing the original one that was filed,
13	because they now have the same number? How am I
14	going to handle that?
15	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: What makes it
16	easier for you? I mean, I think we can accept it
17	as a replacement exhibit for Exhibit 9.
18	MS. CARMODY: That would be easier.
19	So, remove the original that was filed and
20	replace it with the new one?
21	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Yes.
22	MS. CARMODY: Thank you.
23	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: No objection? I
24	assume that's agreed to by everybody? Mr.

1 Sheehan. 2 MR. SHEEHAN: That's correct. I will 3 note that the original had a "Table of Contents", 4 the revised does not. So, to the extent you took 5 notes before, every page number will change by one. 7 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Oh, that's a good point. Ms. Schwarzer, you have a response to 9 that? 10 MS. SCHWARZER: I was unaware of that. 11 I apologize, Your Honor. I don't know how or why 12 that happened. 1.3 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Does it make sense 14 to file a new replacement Exhibit 9 that has a 15 Table of Contents, so that the page numbers line 16 up? 17 MS. SCHWARZER: If you would be willing 18 to entertain our doing that at the conclusion of 19 the hearing, we will do that. 20 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: I will leave the 21 record open for you to file a new replacement 2.2 that contains a Table of Contents page. 23 Anything else, before we go to the 24 witnesses?

1	[No verbal response.]
2	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: And we left off
3	with Staff conducting direct. Are we putting on
4	all the Staff witnesses together or how are we
5	proceeding?
6	MS. SCHWARZER: Yes. Thank you. I
7	would like to include Mr. Knepper in the Staff
8	panel.
9	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay.
10	Mr. Patnaude, could you please swear in the
11	witnesses.
12	(Whereupon <b>Stephen P. Frink</b> and
13	Randall S. Knepper were duly sworn by
14	the Court Reporter.)
15	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer, go
16	ahead.
17	MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Madam
18	Chairwoman.
19	STEPHEN P. FRINK, SWORN
20	RANDALL S. KNEPPER, SWORN
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION (resumed)
22	BY MS. SCHWARZER:
23	Q I'm going to start with Mr. Frink. Just to ask
2 4	you, Mr. Frink, to identify the changes made in

```
1
         replacement Exhibit 9 please?
 2
         (Frink) Yes. So, the current Exhibit 9 has, as
 3
         you mentioned, the Bates Pages are now clear.
 4
         And the rates reflect the updated rates that I
 5
         cited last week, based on Liberty data that came
 6
         in after my testimony. And, on Page 3, Line 8,
 7
         the year "2012" is now "2021".
 8
         And is it your understanding that an exhibit will
 9
         be filed with the Table of Contents, which is not
10
         present in this replacement Exhibit 9?
11
         (Frink) That's my understanding, yes.
12
         And is there anything in the testimony, Exhibit 9
13
         that's now marked, that you wish to change or
14
         update?
15
         (Frink) No.
    Α
16
         And do you adopt this testimony as it is?
17
    Α
         (Frink) I do.
18
         Thank you. Mr. Knepper, would you please --
    Q
19
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I'm sorry. I believe
20
         Ms. Shute has -- Attorney Shute has her hand up.
21
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Shute, I
22
         apologize. I was trying to get my mouse over
23
         there. Go ahead.
24
                   MS. SHUTE: Okay. I'm concerned about
```

1.3

the filing, and what Bates page numbers we're going to be referencing. So, are we referencing the page numbers of the exhibit as it was originally filed? Just want to -- which -- so, here's the problem. The one that you filed has Bates numbers that are all off by one, and we've agreed that we're going to put a Table of Contents in so that Bates pages aren't off by one.

But the exhibit that we have, where we can read the Bates numbers, is not -- are not the right Bates numbers. And the exhibit that we have with the right Bates numbers, the Bates numbers aren't legible.

So, I'm just wondering if it makes sense to just take ten minutes, and maybe it doesn't take ten minutes. I'm just concerned.

And I want to make sure that I understand how to refer to the Bates numbers.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: That's a fair

concern. Ms. Schwarzer, do you have a response?

MS. SCHWARZER: I think we could do one

of two things. We can take a few minutes, and I

can ask that it be refiled, and I can resubmit

```
1
             Or, I can -- we can make the original
 2
         Exhibit 9 I guess "9A", we can make the
 3
         replacement "9B". And that will -- that will
 4
         keep the page numbers the same. I would -- I can
 5
         put the Table of Contents to the end of the
 6
         updated Exhibit 9, to keep the Bates numbers the
 7
         same as referenced today.
 8
                   But that is -- that's the concern.
 9
         mean, I was not --
10
                   MS. SHUTE: So, that doesn't really
11
         help the issue. The Table of Contents needs to
12
         go back in the same place that it was, so that
13
         the Bates numbers are the same.
14
                   And it just, if I'm looking at a
15
         document and trying to refer to it, --
16
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Shute --
17
         Ms. Shute, I understand your concern, and I think
18
         it's a legitimate one. Let's take ten minutes.
19
                   Ms. Schwarzer, can you please file
20
         that, because I think that it's a fair concern,
21
         where the prior Bates numbers were not legible, I
22
         think that creates an issue you need to address.
23
                    So, if you could do that and distribute
24
         it, so that it can be used during this hearing as
```

```
well, that would be helpful.
 1
 2
                        Ms. Schwarzer, you're on mute.
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you very much.
 3
 4
         will have that done. And my apologies to the
 5
         whole group.
 6
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. We will
 7
         recess until 10:30.
                    (Recess taken at 10:17 a.m. and the
 8
 9
                   hearing resumed at 10:52 a.m.)
10
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Let's go back on
11
         the record. And back to you, Ms. Schwarzer.
12
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Madam
13
         Chairwoman.
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
14
15
         Mr. Frink, we have created a second Exhibit 9 as
16
         a replacement, is that correct?
17
    Α
         (Frink) That is correct.
18
         And can you explain what changes were -- what the
19
         new Exhibit 9 has?
         (Frink) The new Exhibit 9 has corrected Bates
20
21
         pages. It's got rates that reflect updated
22
         Liberty data. And, on Page 3, what it doesn't
23
         have is "2012" hasn't been changed to "2021".
24
         Also, on Line 8, where it says "incremental CNG
```

```
costs from last winter at this time; and not
 1
 2
         allow recovery of projected 2020-2012 winter CNG
 3
         costs in setting 2020-2021 [rates]", that should
 4
         be worded, the recommendation is "to allow
 5
         recovery of projected 2020-2021 winter CNG
         costs". So, on Line 8, it should be --
 6
 7
         Mr. Frink, I'm sorry. You've lost -- you've lost
    Q
 8
         me.
 9
    Α
         (Frink) Okay.
10
         So, let's just establish, before you make the
11
         correction, that the new Exhibit 9 has a Table of
12
         Contents, is that correct, and clearer Bates
13
         numbers?
14
         (Frink) That is correct.
15
         Okay. And are there corrections you would like
16
         to make to the new Exhibit 9?
17
    Α
         (Frink) Yes, there is.
18
         Okay. Can you give us the Bates Page please?
19
         (Frink) Bates Page 004.
    Α
20
         And what line?
21
         (Frink) Line 7.
    Α
22
         And what correction would you like it to be?
23
    Α
         (Frink) Starting from the end of Line 7, to the
24
         right, come back one, two, three, four words, and
```

```
take out the "not". So, delete "not" in that
 1
 2
         Line 7.
 3
                   On Line -- I'm sorry. That isn't
 4
         right.
                 That should be on Line 8, delete the
 5
         "not".
 6
         So, may I read the correct -- the text to you for
 7
         Line 7 and 8? Line 7 says "demand costs incurred
 8
         prior to commencing CNG service; do not allow
         recovery of incremental CNG costs from last
 9
10
         winter at this time; and allow" -- should be
11
         "allow recovery of projected 2020-20" -- it says
         "12", "winter CNG costs in setting the 2020-2021
12
1.3
         Winter Liberty-Keene Cost of Gas and Fixed Price
         Option."
14
15
                    Is there another date correction to
16
         make in that phrase?
         (Frink) The "2020-2012" should be "2020-2021".
17
    Α
18
         Okay.
    Q
19
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Frink, I'm
20
         sorry to interrupt. Can you please read the
21
         beginning of the A, for your answer, can you read
22
         that entire sentence as corrected?
23
                   WITNESS FRINK: Okay. Starting at --
         so, the sentence starts on Line 6: "Staff
24
```

```
recommends that the Commission: Disallow
 1
 2
         recovery of compressed natural gas demand costs
 3
         incurred prior to commencing CNG service; do not
 4
         allow recovery of incremental CNG costs from last
 5
         winter at this time; and allow recovery of
 6
         projected 2020-2021 winter CNG costs in setting
 7
         the 2020-2021 Winter Liberty-Keene COG and Fixed
         Price Option."
 8
 9
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.
10
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
11
         Mr. Frink, does that now match the
12
         recommendations that you again summarize on Bates
13
         Page 022?
14
         (Frink) Yes, it does.
15
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. I don't
16
         know the format to do this, but I just want to
17
         reference to all assembled that I checked the
18
         first lines of those pages, so the pages should
19
         be consistent with the prior Exhibit 9 as well.
20
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Let me just
21
         interject for a second, and make sure all
22
         counsels are comfortable with the newly filed and
23
         revised version. Ms. Shute or Mr. Sheehan, any
24
         issues?
```

```
1
                    MR. SHEEHAN: We're all set.
 2
         you.
 3
                    MS. SHUTE: All set. Thank you.
 4
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you,
 5
         Ms. Schwarzer, go ahead.
 6
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you.
 7
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
 8
         Mr. Knepper, would you please state your name for
 9
         the record?
10
         (Knepper) Randall Knepper.
11
         And where are you employed?
         (Knepper) The Public Utilities Commission.
12
1.3
         And what is your position?
14
         (Knepper) I'm the Director of Safety.
15
         And have you submitted prefiled testimony in this
         docket?
16
17
    Α
         (Knepper) Yes.
         And has that been marked as "Exhibit 10"?
18
19
         (Knepper) Yes.
    Α
20
         Do you have any correctioners or revisions to
21
         that testimony?
2.2
    Α
         (Knepper) Not that I'm aware of.
23
         And, if you were asked the same questions today,
24
         would you give the same answers?
```

```
1
          (Knepper) Yes.
    Α
 2
         Thank you. I'm going to direct the questions
 3
         generally to the panel, and whichever one of you
 4
         would like to respond, please do, or add, if you
 5
         would like to add. I'll start with Mr. Frink.
 6
                    Did the Commission Audit Staff issue
 7
         its final report on its review of the 2019-2020
 8
         Keene winter cost of gas reconciliation?
          (Frink) The Audit Staff issued a final report,
 9
10
         and it found that Liberty hadn't calculated the
         incremental CNG costs as had been required in the
11
12
         last cost of gas order applicable to the
         2019-2020 COG.
1.3
14
                    The Company since then has done that
15
         analysis, and that the incremental costs are
16
         reflected in my testimony.
17
         Are the 2019-2020 incremental costs the same
18
         costs that Staff is recommending be deferred and
19
         not recovered by the Company at this time,
20
         subject to a future finding on whether the Keene
21
         conversion was prudent?
2.2
         (Frink) That's correct.
23
         So, Staff is recommending that the actual
24
         incremental costs for 2019 to 2020 not be paid at
```

```
this time, and yet projected -- recommending that
 1
 2
         the projected incremental costs be included in
 3
         the 2021 rates, is that correct?
 4
         (Frink) That's correct.
 5
         And that seems inconsistent. Is that
 6
         inconsistent or contradictory?
 7
         (Frink) No. Because the 2000 -- the 2019-20
    Α
 8
         costs, incremental costs, were calculated using
 9
         actual propane costs that were the CNG costs for
10
         that period. So, those are actual costs that
11
         have been incurred by the Company, and we know
12
         what that is, based on the way it was calculated.
1.3
                   For 2020-21, those are projected costs,
14
         projected propane prices and CNG prices.
15
         don't know if there will be any incremental
16
         costs. So, we're not suggesting that should be
17
         included in rates at this time. We are suggest
18
         -- recommending that those costs be tracked, and
19
         we'll address them, if there are incremental
20
         costs, in a future proceeding.
21
         So, when Staff is including those prospective --
    Q
2.2
         projected incremental costs, you're basically
23
         giving the Company the benefit of the doubt that
24
         there may not be incremental costs, there might
```

```
1
         be incremental savings. You're deferring that
 2
         until the next reconciliation, is that correct?
 3
    Α
         (Frink) That is correct.
 4
         Would you please briefly explain how the FPO
 5
         Program works?
 6
         (Frink) So, the FPO Program gives customers the
 7
         option of locking in a rate. It gives them rate
 8
         certainty. And that's to protect against
 9
         fluctuations in the energy markets. And it's a
         two-cent premium. And if, even after it's filed
10
11
         and the letter goes out, if the rates are
12
         changed, if there were a revised filing, or there
1.3
         are monthly changes throughout the season, a
14
         Fixed Price Option customer does not pay those
15
         changing rates. They pay whatever the rate is
16
         that the Commission approves.
17
    Q
         So, in this instance, what is Staff recommending
18
         that FPO customers pay?
19
         (Frink) So, in this instance, in my original
    Α
20
         testimony I proposed a cost of gas rate of
21
         approximately $1.02. I added the two-cent risk
22
         premium, and recommended that for an FPO rate.
         And then, the Commission approved interim rates
23
24
         at the Staff proposed COG rate, which had been
```

changed to one dollar -- \$1.0253, based on 1 2 updated Liberty data. And the offered FPO price 3 that customers received in a letter that compared 4 the FPO price, in the letter, said was \$1.23, and 5 it compared to the \$1.21 cost of gas proposed 6 rate, the Company proposed rate. So, the 7 Commission's interim order actually has about a 8 20 cent premium for a Fixed Price customer, 9 compared to the interim cost of gas rate. 10 And how does Staff recommend that that be 11 addressed with the final rates? 12 (Frink) So, what Staff did is put that -- how 13 much -- we looked at what a typical residential 14 heating customer, cost of gas customer would pay 15 over the winter period, at the Staff recommended 16 rate in the approved interim cost of gas rate, 17 and then we looked at what an FPO customer would 18 pay over the six months, if there were a two-cent 19 premium on that rate. 20 So, then, we looked at what a cost of 21 gas customer -- a Fixed Price customer paid in 22 November, and basically lowered the rate so that, 23 over the entire six-month period, there would be 24 a two-cent risk premium.

1		So, if you look at the under our
2		analysis, a typical residential heating customer
3		paying the FPO rate would have an FPO rate of
4		\$1.23 in November, and we're recommending an FPO
5		rate of 1.0277 for the remaining five months.
6		So, effective December 1, if the Commission
7		approves the Staff proposed cost of gas, we're
8		recommending that the Commission approve a 1.0277
9		per therm FPO rate. That combination of one
10		month's at a buck 23 (\$1.23), and one month's at
11		this proposed rate will result in those
12		customers, if the rates weren't to change, it
13		would charge them the two-cent premium that's
14		typically what's done.
15	Q	So, you've taken steps to make it roughly
16		mathematically equivalent to the situation in
17		which the Commission had initially followed
18		Staff's recommendation of the FPO, at two cents
19		higher than the interim rate approved for
20		residential customers?
21	А	(Frink) That is correct. And that's based, like
22		I said, on a typical residential heating
23		customer, a typical residential heating
24		customer's November usage is a little less than

1 nine percent of total winter usage. So, even 2 though individual customers will have a different 3 usage, and won't be the exact same impact, it 4 really shouldn't be a material impact. So, 5 rather than try to calculate every individual 6 customer, I'm guessing there's probably about 200 7 FPO customers, this seems like a fair and a 8 reasonable way to address this. What prudence issue is Staff asking the 9 Q 10 Commission to decide at this time? 11 (Frink) Staff is saying that the question is 12 whether it was prudent for Liberty to enter a CNG 13 supply contract that required Liberty to pay 14 demand for over two years prior to being able to 15 deliver CNG. And, whether it was a temporary 16 facility or whether or not the Keene conversion 17 was prudent isn't the issue today. The issue is, 18 "was it imprudent of Liberty to contract for 19 supplies as they did?" 20 Thank you. And, assuming for the sake of 21 argument that the Commission were to find that it 22 was prudent of Liberty execute the contracts at 23 issue when it did, should the historic demand 24 charges then be included in the Winter Keene cost

1 of gas? 2 (Frink) No. Because you'd still have the issue 3 that, in this rate case that's pending before the 4 Commission for a change in delivery rates, the 5 Commission could find that the conversion was 6 imprudent, in which case that contract would be 7 imprudent. So, it still doesn't resolve the issue, if it's not found to be imprudent at this 8 time. If it's found to be imprudent at this 9 time, then that issue goes away in the rate case. 10 11 Why was entering into a CNG supply contract, with 12 the required payment of monthly demand charges 1.3 for 26 months prior to being able to use CNG, 14 imprudent? (Frink) Because a reasonable executive of a New 15 Α 16 Hampshire natural gas utility should have known 17 the safety codes and requirements that needed to 18 be met in order to provide utility CNG service. 19 A reasonable executive would have reached --20 would have researched what regulatory approvals 21 might be necessary in order to begin serving CNG, 22 especially since this was the first time the 23 utility would have been providing customers using 24 Also, the fact that Keene had never used CNG.

1.3

2.1

2.2

natural gas before. So, those are important considerations that should have been taken into account.

A reasonable executive would have realized what a significant undertaking it was, and taken the time to identify and address the many issues the conversion would entail, contracting for CNG supply with significant monthly demand charges. A reasonable executive would have known all the charges required under a proposed contract before entering the contract. An economic analysis that did not include all contract costs would otherwise be flawed.

A reasonable executive would have considered the risks associated with an uncertain start, and how that risk could be mitigated. The first CNG contract didn't have demand charges, it was for lower quantities. The second contract included demand charges and increased quantities, even though the start date was uncertain, and future expansion was even more speculative.

When Liberty entered into the second contract and the amendment, it was seeking regulatory approvals. It may have been possible

to negotiate a regulatory out or they could have stepped up the quantities over the period to correspond with planned expansions of CNG.

So, those are some of the things that a reasonable executive would have considered in that decision.

Q Mr. Knepper, would you please elaborate as to the regulatory requirements and other factors that Liberty should have been aware of no later than July of 2014?

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Frink, can you please mute.

MR. FRINK: Sorry.

#### BY THE WITNESS:

1.3

2.2

A (Knepper) So, the factors, when you're a utility, you have requirements that an end-use customer would not have. So, that's going to be the emergency response, public awareness plans, you got to qualify your personnel, you have operational and maintenance duties. There's a whole series of activities that a regulated utility would have to undertake, that if a CNG supplier directly supplied an end-use customer with no utility involvement.

```
1
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
 2.
         Are there -- is there a PUC regulation that was
 3
         in effect in July of 2014 that would have
         directed Liberty as to the standard it should
 4
 5
         use?
 6
         (Knepper) Yes. Puc 506.01(a), as I've said in my
 7
         testimony, has been in effect for a very, very
 8
         long time. And it requires the public --
         requires any public utility to follow the federal
 9
10
         code as a minimum, which is 49 CFR Part 192.
11
         that's been in place for a very, very long time.
12
         And they should have at least known to follow
1.3
         that.
         Did Liberty's initial plan include safety
14
         standards that fell short of the 49 CFR 92 [192?]
15
16
         requirements?
17
    Α
         (Knepper) Yes.
18
         What specific safety regulations were they -- did
19
         they attempt to meet?
20
         (Knepper) Well, in a lot of things. One was the
21
         material selection that you use. It's going to
22
         require thicker wall thicknesses than what the
23
         B31.3, which is what the CNG suppliers typically
24
         use to supply to direct end customers. So, with
```

those thicker wall thicknesses, you have to have 1 2 a different size pipe. So, it required re-piping 3 of some of the materials. It also requires 4 different pressure testing factors than the B31.3 5 would use. And then, it gets into, the minute you 6 7 turn on the switch and start flowing gas, you now 8 have all these responsibilities as to how you shut down customers, who's qualified to do 9 10 maintenance activities, how often you do those 11 maintenance activities, who's going to take care 12 of the operations of the regulators? Where's the 1.3 flow of information going? Is it going to go to 14 your feeder system? Is it going to go to XNG's? 15 So, all of those things became factors 16 that we ended up having to do a thorough review. 17 Q Does the difference between the regulations and 18 the requirements for an end-user versus a utility 19 change timing and cost? 20 (Knepper) It did in this case. Because they had 21 already ordered it under -- or, at least signed 22 an agreement that hadn't addressed those issues. 23 In your work on the Liberty-Keene CNG 24 distribution, did you come across a New York -- a

1		New York Public Utilities Commission order at
2		some point?
3	А	(Knepper) Yes. That's part of my testimony. And
4		I think they had a similar situation in New York,
5		where a utility wanted to do add CNG to their
6		system. I think, for that one, it was just a
7		"for a very short period of time", certainly not
8		as long as the duration that CNG is going to be
9		proposed for in Keene. And a lot of the issues
10		were the same issues that we were addressing
11		were in that order as well.
12	Q	So, the information for the relevant regulation
13		and the New York decision were available in no
14		later than July of 2014, is that correct?
15	А	(Knepper) That's correct.
16		MR. WIND: I'm sorry, Mary. Can we go
17		off the record?
18		CMSR. BAILEY: We lost the Chairman, so
19		we need a minute.
20		(Off the record at 11:17 a.m. due to
21		connectivity issues. At 11:33 a.m., it
22		was decided to take the lunch recess at
23		that time. The hearing resumed at
24		12:32 p.m.)

```
1
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN:
                                        Okay.
                                               Let's go
 2
         back on the record. Ms. Schwarzer.
 3
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Madam Chair.
 4
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
 5
         Mr. Knepper, you had just finished discussing
 6
         factors in July of 2014 that the Company could
 7
         have been aware of, including Puc 506.01, the New
         York decision, and the fact that a utility
         receiving CNG is different from an end-user who
 9
10
         is taking CNG. How and when did you become aware
11
         that Liberty --
12
                   MS. SCHWARZER: There's some feedback
13
                 So, I'm going to start my question again.
         there.
14
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
15
         How and when did you become aware that
16
         Liberty-Keene intended to commence CNG service?
17
    Α
         (Knepper) I believe it was in December of 2016.
18
         Can you describe how you became aware of that?
19
         (Knepper) We became aware through two -- well, to
20
         commence -- that they were planning on putting in
21
         CNG was when we became aware, in December of
22
         2016. We got a phone call from a contractor who
23
         was either pricing or planning on trying to do
24
         the conversion of appliances. And then, I
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```
believe, on the week of December -- the first
 1
 2
         week of December 2016, we noticed in the daily
 3
         construction schedules that they send us that
 4
         they were installing some valves, main line
 5
         valves across Route 9, which is the entrance to
 6
         the Monadnock Marketplace. And there was no need
 7
         to do that unless there was going to be an
 8
         extension from there. So, we kind of concluded
 9
         that, that they were planning on installing CNG.
10
         Did you meet with Liberty to discuss that or
11
         invite them to speak with you?
12
         (Knepper) We did not at that time. But, I
1.3
         believe, shortly thereafter, the Gas Division and
14
         the Safety Division did meet with them.
15
         wanted to see a plan of what they were proposing
16
         before we met with them.
17
    Q
         Do you have an approximate year and month for
18
         that?
19
         (Knepper) I think we eventually met with them in
    Α
20
         March of 2017, is when we actually sat down and
21
         met with them.
22
         Were you aware that Liberty had already entered
23
         into CNG supply contracts at that March 2017
24
         meeting?
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```
1
          (Knepper) I was not.
    Α
 2
         And when did you find out?
 3
         (Knepper) We found out during our assessment,
 4
         Adequacy Assessment investigation of the proposal
 5
         that they were doing. And we researched the
 6
         discovery requests that the Gas Division had done
 7
         during cost of gas hearings. So, that would have
         been between November of 2017 and October of
 8
         2018. We might have looked at it, before we
 9
10
         started that, when we were looking at the
11
         preliminary information that Liberty had given.
12
         The Company has testified that the conversion was
1.3
         necessary to address safety concerns related to
14
         an incident involving the propane production
15
         plant blower. What is the purpose of the blower?
16
         (Knepper) So, Liberty provides propane-air to
17
         their customers. So, they get deliveries of
18
         propane, they then mix it with air, to a mixture
19
         that can be combusted at the appliances.
20
         blowers are -- supplement their atmospheric
21
         intakes of air, right, they just take it through
22
         atmospheric, and then they use blowers for -- I
23
         think they were using them for what they called a
24
         "3 pound system", which fed the Monadnock
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```
1
         Marketplace and others along the way, probably
 2
         about a total of 100 customers.
 3
    Q
         And, as you've described it, fair to say the
 4
         blowers increase the possible volume of
 5
         air-propane for Monadnock Marketplace and others?
 6
         (Knepper) That's correct. The blowers would
 7
         supplement the atmospheric intakes that they had.
 8
         Was there a safety incident that occurred with
 9
         regard to the blowers?
10
         (Knepper) Yes. On December 19th, I think it was
11
         19th, December of 2015, there was an incident
12
         where they had some electrical fluctuations
13
         coming in from the power that was supplied by
14
         Eversource, which then caused their blowers to
15
         not work. These fluctuations lasted less than a
16
         second. And they're very -- they had electrical
17
         components that were very susceptible to voltage
18
         dips, and so it caused the blowers to not
19
         function or to shut down. Actually, not -- I
20
         shouldn't say that. They didn't shut down, I
21
         believe too much air.
22
         And how long did it take to resolve that safety
23
         problem?
24
         (Knepper) I think they had it resolved in about
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```
68 minutes, or an hour -- about an hour to an
 1
 2
         hour and ten. And that's from the time that they
 3
         were notified, the time somebody actually made
 4
         adjustments, arrived on scene, and got it back to
 5
         what they call "normal state", was about an hour
 6
         and ten minutes.
 7
         How much did it cost to resolve the incident?
    Q
 8
         (Knepper) I believe it was -- I don't have an
 9
         exact number. So, I would say it's somewhere
10
         between, I'd have to estimate, maybe 10 to
11
         $30,000.
12
         And, after the system was repaired, how long did
1.3
         the blower system then continue to operate safely
14
         to provide the Monadnock system with additional
15
         capacity?
16
         (Knepper) How long? It operated until they moved
17
         over to CNG. So, it was from then on.
18
         So, fair to say "years", between December 2015
    Q
19
         and October 2019?
20
         (Knepper) Yes. I would say, I think they had
21
         their corrections made in less than a month, from
22
         December of 2015. So, I would say from the
23
         beginning of January 2016 forward.
24
         Were there any safety concerns that required the
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```
1
         Company to convert the Monadnock Marketplace to
 2
         CNG service?
 3
         (Knepper) The Safety Division did not have any,
 4
         because they were providing safe and adequate
 5
         service prior to this. They have always provided
 6
         propane-air to their customers. So, they did not
 7
         have any.
 8
         Did Safety require staffing the plant 24/7?
 9
         (Knepper) We did not.
10
         To your knowledge, has the Commission --
11
                    [Court reporter interruption regarding
12
                   muting/unmuting.]
1.3
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Commissioner
14
         Bailey, are you on mute? It doesn't show.
15
         may be, but it doesn't show.
16
                   CMSR. BAILEY: Yes, I am.
17
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Go ahead.
18
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
19
         Has the Commission issued a ruling on whether
20
         Safety required staffing the Monadnock -- after
21
         the Monadnock incident 24/7?
2.2
    Α
         (Knepper) I believe the Commission ordered a
23
         ruling during the last Liberty rate case that
24
         said that they did not think that those 24
```

hours/seven days a week staffing was just and reasonable. So, I think they disallowed it.

Q Mr. Frink.

1.3

2.2

A (Frink) In Liberty's last rate case, that Order 26,122, they did say didn't allow recovery of the manning the plant for 24/7 because of the blowers. I'll read from the order, it's two paragraphs related to that: "As for the Keene production costs of \$148,410, we find that Liberty failed to justify those costs in this proceeding."

[Court reporter interruption.]

#### CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:

A (Frink) "As for the Keene production costs of \$148,410, we find that Liberty failed to justify those costs in this proceeding. Liberty made many significant enhancements to address the risk of a similar event, and did not provide evidence that the incremental costs of manning the plant were reasonable or justified. Accordingly, we deny recovery of these costs. Because we find around-the-clock staffing of the Keene production plant is not just and reasonable, we reject the Company's argument that the current cost of

```
converting a small portion of the Keene system to
 1
 2
         CNG is necessary for reliability and safety
 3
         reasons, or is economically justified on its own
         terms."
 4
 5
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
 6
         To either of Mr. Knepper or Mr. Frink, do you
 7
         know what Liberty spent for the CNG conversion?
                    MR. SHEEHAN: If I may object to that
 8
 9
         question, those costs are not before the
10
         Commission in this proceeding. But we will seek
11
         recovery for those costs in a different
12
         proceeding.
1.3
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Well, Your Honor, if I
14
         may speak to that?
15
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Go ahead.
16
                   MS. SCHWARZER: The question goes to
17
         whether, as has been argued in Mr. Mullen's
18
         rebuttal testimony, it was necessary to convert,
19
         and whether it was prudent to have a supply
20
         contract in place for CNG, as argued, because of
21
         safety issues.
22
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan, can
23
         you respond to that? I don't have the benefit of
24
         Mr. Mullen's testimony.
```

1.3

MR. SHEEHAN: Sure. The motivation for the CNG -- temporary CNG facility was primarily to replace the blower system. We disagree with Staff now, frankly, we disagree with the Commission's order that it was not a safety issue. We accept the order, of course, but we disagree. So -- I just lost my train of thought.

The blower -- the CNG costs were motivated by a desire to get rid of the blower system. The blower system did fail subsequent to the big Keene December '15 event, and it failed several other times to a lesser degree. It cost the Company hundreds of thousands of dollars in response costs, it sent people to the hospital. And we elected to do the 24/7 to make sure it didn't get out of hand again. So, that was the motivator.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan, you have objected on the grounds that the costs shouldn't come in. Can you just focus on that please?

MR. SHEEHAN: I'm sorry. We incurred costs to actually do the conversion. We had to

1.3

convert customer equipment from propane to gas over a two-week -- or, a weeklong period in October of '19. Those costs, several hundred thousand dollars, are not -- we have not sought recovery for those here in this proceeding, they're not at issue.

What is at issue is whether we had permission to convert. The prudence of our conversion activities will be addressed in a different proceeding, likely the rate case.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer.

MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. I've asked Mr. Knepper and Mr. Frink to estimate the cost of the conversion, because the argument has been made that Liberty was required to do that in order to address safety concerns associated with the blower. And the only evidence of a safety issue — the only factual evidence of a safety issue is the 2015 event that's been testified to already.

It's relevant what was spent to fix the blower, as compared to what was spent for the conversion, for the very reason that the prudence of the CNG contract being entered into when it

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was has been linked by Mr. Mullen to safety
 1
 2.
         issues associated with the blowers.
 3
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN:
                                        I'm going to
 4
         overrule the objection. So, you can proceed.
 5
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you, Madam
 6
         Chairwoman.
 7
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
 8
         Mr. Knepper, do you know what Liberty spent for
         the CNG conversion?
 9
10
         (Knepper) So, when we talk about the conversion,
11
         I want to make sure everybody -- there's
12
         different parts of the conversion.
1.3
         actually converting customers' appliances and --
14
         from propane-air to CNG, that's behind the meter
15
         or downstream of the gas meter. There are costs
16
         to change the system from propane-air, the
17
         existing distribution system to propane-air,
18
         those are distribution costs, where they had to
19
         expend capital to extend main, and they had to do
20
         purging operations and change things like that.
21
                    And then, there's also the cost of
2.2
         bringing the CNG in itself. That is part of this
23
         one, as far as the demand, they have broken that
24
         down into demand costs, as well flow costs of
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1
         supply.
 2.
                    So, it's very confusing to people, when
 3
         you talk about conversion costs, because there's
 4
         a lot of aspects to conversion costs. But, if
 5
         you were to roll all that up, I believe it's in
 6
         excess of a million dollars. Some of it is part
 7
         of this proceeding, some of it would be part of
 8
         this ongoing rate case that they have initiated.
 9
         From a safety perspective, do you believe that
    Q
10
         spending a million dollars to eliminate the risk
11
         associated with the continued operation of the
12
         blower was economically justified?
1.3
         (Knepper) I do not.
    Α
14
         Mr. Frink, if the conversion had been necessary
15
         for safety reasons, would entering the CNG supply
16
         contract, requiring monthly demand charges, when
17
         Liberty was not receiving service, have been
18
         prudent?
19
                    MR. SHEEHAN: Objection. Calls for
20
         speculation.
21
                    MS. SCHWARZER: If I may respond?
2.2
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer.
                    MS. SCHWARZER: -- to ask
23
24
         hypotheticals.
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I'm sorry, I missed
 1
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN:
 2
         part of that, Ms. Schwarzer.
 3
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Sorry. I just lost my
 4
         place. Give me a moment.
 5
                         The question is, "if the
 6
         conversion had been necessary for safety reasons,
 7
         would entering the CNG supply contract, requiring
         the payment of monthly demand charges two years
         before CNG service was available, have been
 9
         prudent?" That's to Mr. Frink.
10
11
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: And what was your
12
         response to the objection? I couldn't hear it.
1.3
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Madam, I withdraw the
14
         objection.
15
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.
16
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
17
         Mr. Frink?
18
         (Frink) No. Even if they were replacing it for a
19
         valid safety reason, for the reasons Mr. Knepper
20
         already explained, they wouldn't have been able
21
         to provide CNG any earlier than they did. They
22
         were finally able to provide CNG in October of
23
         2019. So, entering in a contract for CNG back in
24
         2016 was not reasonable, given the substantial
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1
         risk they were undertaking by assuming they would
 2
         be using propane in either 2016 or 2017.
 3
    Q
         Thank you. Mr. Frink, could you briefly explain
 4
         the cost of gas mechanism please?
 5
                   MR. SHEEHAN: With all due respect,
 6
         this is beyond of their -- I mean, it seems to be
 7
         beyond the scope of what's been filed in
 8
         testimony, and there's no dispute about what the
 9
         cost of gas mechanism is.
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer.
10
11
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I think it goes to
12
         placing the CNG supply contract in context. I'm
1.3
         happy to move on and come back to this.
14
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
15
16
         Liberty claims, Mr. Frink, Liberty claims that
17
         the Commission found the CNG supply contract to
18
         be prudent in approving the 2018 and 2019 summer
19
         cost of gas proposed rates. Do you agree?
20
         You're muted.
21
         (Frink) Absolutely not.
    Α
2.2
         Would you please explain your answer?
23
         (Frink) Yes. So, in the cost of gas, the Company
24
         files a supply plan. And that supply plan is of
```

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2

3

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24

forecasted costs, forecasted revenues, and that's what they plan to do. And, if it appears reasonable, everybody is on board with it.

Typically, in a cost of gas, it's pretty much the same supply that they use year to year, the same methodology. Occasionally, you'll get a new supply, as in this case, in 2018. 2018, the supply plan showed CNG for the first time, even though they had been paying CNG demand charges for quite a while. And, in their supply plan, it showed CNG as being cheaper than propane. That was incorrect. In hindsight, because, if they had used CNG, they thought it was going to cost something less than propane, but they didn't realize there was a marketer basis charge of \_\_\_\_\_ that they were going to have to pay under the contract. So, when they entered that contract, they weren't aware of what all the costs were.

But, anyway, so, they submitted that supply plan. And then, that's one part of the -- Mr. Frink, hold it. Mr. Frink, I'm sorry. That dollar amount is confidential, I believe. So, I just want to --

```
1
         (Frink) I don't know. I thought I saw that --
 2
         maybe so. I thought I'd seen it in the last
 3
         transcript.
 4
         You did, because I said it, and I should not have
 5
         said it.
 6
         (Frink) Okay. That's the last time I'll say it.
 7
         I apologize.
         Not at all. If we can turn back, I believe you
 8
 9
         were explaining that, as originally filed, the
10
         2018 Summer Cost of Gas showed propane -- showed
11
         CNG as less expensive?
12
         (Frink) That's correct. So, Staff -- so, Staff
13
         did not take exception with it. The Commission,
14
         in their order, stating Liberty's position, said
15
         Liberty is going to use -- plans to use CNG for
16
         the first time. It wasn't a prudency finding.
17
                   What happens in the cost of gas is,
18
         after the period, you're required to do a
19
         reconciliation of that period. So, those six
20
         months end, and then you look at the actual costs
21
         incurred, the actual revenues, and at that point
22
         in time, and calculate if there's an over or
23
         under-recovery. You review those costs from the
24
         prior year and see if they followed their supply
```

1.3

plan, if those costs were prudent. If they -they get audited, and then, if there's a problem
with that, then you bring it up at the next
hearing, and that's when you allow recovery of
those costs. That's when you make a prudency
decision.

It's very similar to the special contract that was done for iNATGAS. INATGAS, the Commission approved a special contract, based on projected costs and revenues presented by the Company. In that order, when they approved the special contract, similar to approving a supply plan, the Commission said "This is not a prudency finding. That will get addressed when you seek to recover those costs."

In the last rate case, they reviewed those costs, and the Commission decided that they could disallow those costs based on a prudency finding. So -- and they didn't allow recovery of those costs, at least not the full amount.

So, this is -- this is essentially the same way it works for the cost of gas. You've got actual costs for the prior period, that are reviewed and ruled on, and those go into rates

1 and get recovered. But you also have projected 2 costs that, until they actually come in and get 3 filed as part of the cost of gas, there's -- it's 4 not a prudency finding. It's just, we're 5 implementing these rates, and then, when you 6 actually incur those costs, we'll see if they 7 were prudent. So, the Commission order setting those 8 rates prior to December of 2018 only acknowledged 9 10 that there was a -- it was in the supply plan, 11 they did not find those costs were prudent. 12 And was any CNG served during Summer 2018 period? 13 (Frink) It was not. Could you explain why, in your opinion, the 14 15 2018-2019 Winter Cost of Gas filing and the 2019 16 Summer Cost of Gas filings are not prudency 17 findings? 18 (Frink) Yes. So, in the next cost of gas, so, Α 19 that was the Summer of 2018, in the Winter 2019, 20 they again included CNG in their supply plan, 21 although they had yet to use any. And those 22 costs, in that plan, were higher than propane 23 costs. So, Staff filed testimony saying that 24 wasn't an economic dispatch or plan, that it

wasn't least cost. So, we raised an objection in that winter cost of gas. Then, the Commission set rates that didn't include any actual CNG costs from the prior year, the prior winter, because there were none. Well, none that they recorded in their cost of gas reconciliation. They were incurring demand charges, but, again, they didn't put those in the cost of gas reconciliation, because they're supply costs.

So, anyway, there were no actual costs. We objected to the incremental costs, because they were higher. And the Commission set the cost of gas rate for that winter without any CNG, either actual or projected.

And, in 2019, again, the Company put CNG in their forecast. There were no actual CNG costs in the reconciliation. The Commission approved the rates. But, again, a supply plan is not a prudency finding.

So, the Commission never has actually approved -- hadn't actually approved CNG costs for any prior periods, and all they approved was a supply plan, with some forecasted costs in it. So, that's why it's incorrect to say that those

1		winter cost of gas decisions was a prudency
2		finding on providing CNG.
3	Q	In the 2018-2019 Winter Cost of Gas, and then in
4		the Summer Cost of Gas, was the Company directed
5		to track the incremental costs or savings of CNG?
6	A	(Frink) Yes, they were.
7	Q	Mr. Frink, I think you've already explained why
8		not providing for the recovery of actual winter
9		incremental excuse me actual incremental
10		costs, but including projected incremental costs,
11		is not inconsistent. But could you summarize
12		that please?
13	А	(Frink) Sure. It goes back to the fact that
14		those aren't actual costs. They aren't based on
15		actual prices for the period. Those are
16		projected costs. It may be that using CNG this
17		winter could wind up being cheaper than propane,
18		we don't know. Right now, it certainly doesn't
19		appear to be the case. But, until they actually
20		incur those costs, we don't know what they will
21		be.
22		So, there will be a prudency decision
23		again, once they file a reconciliation and we
24		know what propane costs, we know what the CNG

```
costs were, then we can determine if there were
 1
 2.
         incremental CNG costs, and address it in setting
         next year's rates.
 3
 4
         And, when you said it's an assessment of whether
 5
         the costs were reasonable, based on actual
 6
         expenses, is that correct?
 7
         (Frink) That is correct.
    Α
 8
         And you've testified that CNG charges incurred
 9
         prior to being able to use CNG was imprudent,
10
         because a reasonable executive knew or should
11
         have known that a substantial risk existed that
12
         Liberty would not be able to use CNG for all or
1.3
         most of that time, and therefore would have not
14
         entered into a contract. However, if the
15
         Commission determines that the terms and
16
         conditions of the CNG contract, including the
17
         historic demand charges, and incremental costs to
18
         date, were prudent, should those expenses be
19
         included in subsequent cost of gas rates?
20
         (Frink) Not at this time. It could be that the
21
         Commissioners decide that entering the contract
22
         when they did wasn't imprudent. But they could
23
         decide in the rate case that the Keene conversion
24
         was imprudent, in which case, even if it wasn't
```

imprudent signing a CNG contract over two years 1 2. before you actually took CNG service was 3 imprudent, if you decide that the Keene 4 conversion was imprudent, all those costs -- all 5 those CNG costs then would be imprudent. 6 MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. I don't 7 have any further direct questions. 8 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: All right. Thank 9 Ms. Shute, do you have questions? you. 10 MS. SHUTE: I have just a couple. 11 of my questions have been asked. 12 CROSS-EXAMINATION 1.3 BY MS. SHUTE: I'll start with Mr. Frink. In the Summer 2018 14 15 Cost of Gas that the Company has referenced as 16 being where they perceive the contract to have 17 been approved, the order in that docket stated --18 reads that "approval of the 2018 Summer season 19 cost of gas rate as just and reasonable", under 20 the RSA, under the statutes. However, the next 21 statement that the Commission -- and the next 2.2 statement that the Commission said was "the rate 23 appears to have been calculated in a manner 24 consistent with past practice, which offers

1 proper assurances." 2 Could you explain what "past practice" 3 means in that circumstance? 4 (Frink) So, "past practice" is -- again, it goes 5 back to the COG mechanism. I can go back all the 6 way to 2003, where Staff objected to --7 recommended EnergyNorth shouldn't recover over 8 \$4 million in costs, in supply costs, because of 9 imprudence. And that was based on, even though 10 the Commission had approved a supply plan for 11 that winter, when they actually got into that 12 winter, it turned out they didn't necessarily 1.3 follow their plan, or they didn't follow it the way it was intended or it had been done in the 14 15 past. 16 So, the way it was treated was, once 17 you're approved recovery -- of an 18 over/under-recovery in the rate, to go back and 19 disallow that would be retroactive ratemaking. 20 But, to look at forecasted costs, and include 21 that in a rate, you can do that and say "okay, 22 these are just and reasonable, based on what we 23 know at this time", what the Company is projecting, just as the Commissioners did for 24

iNATGAS. They said "okay, these are what the costs and revenues are. Looks like a good deal."
But, when you get to actually spend the money, and look at how it was spent, then that's open for review and for a prudency finding.

So, past practice has always been, okay, once you approve a recovery of actual costs, a reconciliation, over/under-recovery, if you haven't raised the issue there, and it gets approve for recovery in the upcoming season, then that's a prudency finding, essentially. But, if you have a supply plan with projected costs, and, after you get the results, there's an issue with that, you can raise those issues, and the Commissioners will rule on that at that point in time, when you get to your next cost of gas.

Okay. So, just to be clear, the -- there were -the Summer 2018 Cost of Gas appears to have been
a fairly standard and short hearing. In fact,
the OCA didn't even participate, because there
didn't appear to be anything out of the ordinary
in that. And the question really was going to
the fact that the -- I'm just -- I'm going to
withdraw this question. Sorry.

1	So, I have one other question for Mr.
2	Knepper. In relationship to the blower safety
3	issue that the Company identified, what dangers
4	were possible because of the blower incidence,
5	and were those and which and were those
6	dangers to all customers or to just a certain
7	subset of customers? Do you know the answer to
8	that?
9	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer has
LO	her hand up.
L 1	MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. Just to
L 2	clarify, there's only one blower incident at
L 3	issue, which was the December of 2015 incident.
L 4	That's all I'm aware of, that's all that's been
L 5	noticed.
L 6	So, the question was plural. There's
L 7	only there's only one.
L 8	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Shute, I assume
L 9	that's the incident you were speaking about?
20	MS. SHUTE: Yes, please.
21	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Go ahead,
22	Mr. Knepper.
23	WITNESS KNEPPER: Could you ask it one
2 4	more time please?

1 MS. SHUTE: Sure. 2 BY MS. SHUTE: 3 In you opinion, what are the dangers or safety 4 concerns that result from the December 19th, 2015 5 incident, with the blowers and the electrical 6 fluctuations? And do those safety concerns 7 pertain to all of the customers or some subset of 8 customers? 9 (Knepper) So, in Keene, they have kind of a distinct ratio of combustible gas that they 10 11 provide. And, so, they take propane, and they 12 mix it with air, and you can do that, and 1.3 appliances will burn that combustible product 14 properly, as long as you maintain a certain range 15 from what you expect things to be burned at. 16 In Keene, they choose a value, a 17 standard value that they do, but you can't 18 differentiate too far above that. So, they set 19 alarms, if it's too high or too low from that 20 standard value. Because what ends up happening 21 is, if the appliances can't burn it properly, 22 then you're going to get some carbon monoxide and 23 you're going to get incomplete combustion. 24 And, so, the entire Keene system is

always predicated on maintaining this propane-air ratio, whether it's for one customer or all their customers, because the appliances are calibrated or geared to running at that ratio. And they're billed on that ratio, they do all their equivalents based on that. And, so, they're always trying to maintain that ratio.

And, so, when any piece of equipment malfunctions, in this case, the blowers tripped and malfunctioned, it changed that ratio. And, so, they correct it, and then they go on. And, so, the next, you know, the next week that same situation could happen. It could happen the following week. It could happen the following year. They have always been under that guise that the equipment that they select and run will help provide things. And, so, that's always been the situation at Keene. It's not just — they always have to make sure it falls within a certain parameter or characteristic.

So, hopefully, that answers your question.

Yes. Thank you. So, your -- the opinion that you stated earlier is that the conversion was not

1.3

necessary to deal with the -- with the safety issue. Was there something else that they could have done to deal with the safety issue? Or is it that, in the repair -- sorry. Is there something else that they could have done to fix the safety issue?

A (Knepper) So, they did fix the safety issue.

They did take actions. They took them immediately. You know, they tried to minimize the reoccurrence.

The question becomes is, I think

Liberty has long-term plans of trying to get away

from that propane-air system, because of a

variety of reasons. Siting issues that they

have, lease issues they have with the plant. And

long term, they would like to not rely on even

having to mix this gas at all. And, if you can

buy gas, and either liquefy it and inject it, or

if you compress it and inject it, from their

perspective, that's a lot easier.

And I think, long term, that's been part of their goal. And this kind of accelerated them trying to hit that goal. But that becomes part of a bigger plan, as to how you're going to

convert, when, or how much is it going to cost, 1 2 and they have not yet, you know, kind of come up 3 with a holistic view of that for us, and they 4 have not presented that to the Commission. 5 Okay. Thank you. And I wanted to clarify 6 something you had talked about in response to an 7 order -- a question around the costs of the conversion. You indicated that there are really 8 9 sort of three types: The behind-the-meter customer conversion type of thing that's 10 11 involved; the cost to change the distribution 12 system; and then the cost of bringing the CNG in 1.3 itself. And that the roll-up was in excess of a 14 million. 15 My question is -- and you indicated 16 that some of that is being dealt with here, and 17 some of that is being dealt with in other cases. 18 Would you mind identifying which parts are being 19 dealt with here and which parts are being dealt 20 with in other cases? And what very rough 21 proportion of that million plus dollars they 22 represent please? 23 MR. SHEEHAN: I'm sorry, if I may 24 interject? I just got an email from Steve that

1	he's lost power at his home, and that's probably
2	why we don't see him anymore.
3	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. I was just
4	about to ask you if he was off intentionally for
5	video, because I haven't been able to see him for
6	a minute or so. So, it sounds like
7	MS. SHUTE: It looks like Eric is out,
8	too.
9	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Let's go off the
10	record for a minute.
11	(Off the record due to connectivity
12	issues. A recess was taken at 1:15
13	p.m., and the hearing resumed at
14	1:26 p.m.)
15	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: All right. Then,
16	let's continue, go back on the record, and get as
17	much as we can in.
18	Let's see. We were right I think,
19	Ms. Shute, were you still asking a question?
20	MS. SHUTE: Yes. Would you like me to
21	repeat the question or are we good to go?
22	CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Knepper, do you
23	remember it? I think we had repeated it.
24	WITNESS KNEPPER: I think I got the

gist of it. 1 2 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Go ahead. 3 WITNESS KNEPPER: Are we ready? 4 BY THE WITNESS: 5 (Knepper) So, I guess, and maybe Mr. Frink can 6 chime in when he needs to, it's a little bit 7 outside my swimming lane as to what the costs are and what the breakdowns are and where they're 9 going to be. But, you know, when you talk about, 10 and I think that's always part of the problem 11 here, when you talk about "conversion", there's a 12 lot of aspects. And there's specific things that 1.3 are one-time costs, sometimes there are recurring 14 costs, like a demand charge on a supply or 15 flow-through costs and things like that. There's 16 operational costs, and then there's capital 17 costs. 18 So, just using that term "conversion", 19 it's a -- it can be confusing, I think, to a lot 20 of people. And, so, I kind of rely on Mr. Frink 21 to make sure that we get them in the right 22 buckets and then they're put in the right dockets 23 to kind of track some of those things. But, to

actually put that pie back together, you have to

24

look at all those aspects. 1 2 But I don't have a -- I don't have 3 specific numbers to be able to give you, if 4 that's what you're looking for. 5 BY MS. SHUTE: 6 Mr. Frink, do you want to address the issue of 7 which aspects of that are part of this docket and which aspects are in other dockets? 8 (Frink) Well, so, they do, as Randy said, 9 10 intermix. So, when they stopped running the 11 blowers, there's some O&M costs associated with 12 that. So, even though the incremental costs for 1.3 CNG, just looking at the supplies, are high, it 14 may be, if you factor in a delivery cost of not 15 having to operate the blowers, then the 16 incremental costs go down. 17 So, you really need to -- we'll be 18 looking at those as part of the rate case. What 19 we're recommending now for a -- to defer that 20 until you can do that exercise, and develop the 21 record you need to make that determination. 22 I did want to mention, on the whole 23 safety aspect, the Commission opened an 24 investigation, IR 15-517, that has -- the Safety

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Division filed a report in that, it was over 100
 1
 2
         pages long, that explains -- goes through
 3
         everything chronologically, everything before and
 4
         after, the enhancements, and whether they were --
 5
         Safety Division thought they were necessary or
 6
         not.
 7
                    So, anyway, if you have interest, if
         anybody has interest in that, that's the docket
 8
         that you'd want to go to, IR 15-517.
 9
                    MS. SHUTE: Okay. Great. That was
10
11
         very helpful. Thank you.
12
                    Those are all the questions I have for
1.3
         this panel.
14
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.
15
         Mr. Sheehan.
16
                    MR. SHEEHAN: Thank you.
17
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
18
         I'll start with Mr. Knepper, please. Just a
19
         brief recap of the event of December 2015 in
20
         Keene.
21
                    I think you testified that it was a
22
         case of "too much air". But isn't it, in fact,
23
         the issue was the blowers shutdown, and the
24
         system was trying to meet a pressure without the
```

blowers? And it dumped a huge amount of propane into the system, so that, in fact, the propane in the system was much richer, because it didn't have enough air with it. Is that correct?

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Knepper, you're on mute.

# BY THE WITNESS:

1.3

A (Knepper) So, let me read from that IR 15 docket that Steve just referred to. And it's a report that we filed on March 31st, 2016. And we give an overview of the situation. So, I'm testing my memory here. But I do say that "the compressed air supply to the system was electrically interrupted by three brief momentary voltage fluctuations. The voltage fluctuations caused the blower equipment to shut down which significantly and adversely affected the normal propane/air mixing process used for the system supplies."

So, it altered the propane-air ratio, because the atmospheric now had -- was not at the right amounts. So, the other system that they have, not the blower system, the atmospheric one, wasn't responding properly.

# 1 BY MR. SHEEHAN: 2 And the blower system was installed, because, 3 with the added customers, the very low pressure 4 of the atmospheric system simply wasn't enough 5 pressure to get enough air in to serve whatever 6 growth was at what we now call the "Monadnock 7 Marketplace", isn't that correct? 8 (Knepper) I don't know if it was before, during, 9 or after, if they went through a season for that. 10 But I believe they wanted to have enough -- they 11 wanted to make sure they had enough capacity, and 12 the blowers would make sure that they had enough 1.3 capacity. 14 And on that --15 (Knepper) And I believe it was done by National 16 Grid, and not Liberty. 17 Q Correct. And, on that day, when the blowers 18 stopped working, the result was an overly rich 19 mixture, closer to pure propane, and not enough 20 air. That's what manifested itself? 21 (Knepper) Yes. The Btus went up. So, that would Α 22 mean more towards propane, yes. 23 And the result of that was people's appliances 24 would either go out, because they couldn't burn

```
1
         the rich fuel, or they would burn incompletely,
 2
         causing the release of carbon monoxide. Isn't
 3
         that correct?
 4
         (Knepper) That's what -- I believe that's what
 5
         happened.
 6
         And it affected the entire system?
 7
         (Knepper) Yes, because that -- the whole
 8
         propane-air goes through the same plant. So, the
 9
         answer is "yes".
10
         And, reasonably or not, the Keene Fire Department
11
         called in for help, and 50 or 60 departments from
12
         surrounding towns responded to the City of Keene
13
         that weekend, is that correct?
14
         (Knepper) That's correct. I won't comment on the
15
         reasonableness of that.
16
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan, you're
17
         on mute.
18
                   MR. SHEEHAN: I'm sorry.
19
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
20
         The City of Keene saw or received calls from
21
         customers complaining of the smell of propane for
22
         the appliances that no longer were burning, but
23
         were just leaking propane, and carbon monoxide
24
         reports. And, again, whether they reacted
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reasonably or not, they reacted thinking this was
 1
 2
         a citywide, severe problem, correct?
 3
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Objection.
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer.
 5
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you.
 6
                   We are not here to discuss whether the
 7
         Commission properly found that the blower
         shutdown was not a security risk. This is really
         irrelevant to what's being discussed.
 9
10
                    I believe Liberty can inquire. But the
11
         Keene Fire Department's interpretation or the
12
         City of Keene's opinion is not relevant here.
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: I'm
1.3
14
         not [indecipherable audio] -- can you hear me?
15
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Yes, we can hear you.
16
                   MS. SCHWARZER: It was breaking up for
17
         me.
18
                    [Court reporter interruption.]
19
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: I wanted to have
20
         Ms. Schwarzer clarify. She said "I believe" or
21
         something along the lines of "I believe Liberty
22
         can inquire", which that leads to the question
23
         whether you were still objecting?
24
                   MS. SCHWARZER:
                                    Yes. I'm sorry. I am
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objecting. I believe that two questions back,
 1
 2.
         that was fine, but we're going far afield.
 3
         object to the City of Keene's view about the
 4
         blower system or a discussion of that.
 5
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan, do you
 6
         have a response?
 7
                   MR. SHEEHAN: I can move on.
 8
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
         Okay. Mr. Knepper, there were people who were
10
         taken to the hospital as a result of the event on
11
         December in 2016, correct?
12
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Objection.
1.3
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer.
14
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. I'm not
15
         sure why this is relevant to a determination of
16
         whether a CNG supply contract is appropriately
17
         entered into or not.
18
                   MR. SHEEHAN: And, if I may, the
19
         question is "what was in Liberty's mind in May of
20
         2017, when it signed the contract?" And this
21
         event was very much in Liberty's mind in May of
2.2
         2017. Let me finish please.
23
                   And, despite the Commission's
24
         subsequent finding that maybe these costs were
```

not prudent, that finding was long after we 1 2. entered into the contract. So, it is very 3 relevant what was in Liberty's mind, whether it 4 was reasonable, in May of '17, to sign the 5 contract to get us off the blower system. 6 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer. 7 MS. SCHWARZER: I believe the contracts at issue are more than just the amendment in May. So, I'm a bit confused. 9 10 But I don't think Mr. Knepper can 11 necessarily testify of what the Company was 12 thinking about. And perhaps it's a better 1.3 question for Mr. Mullen. 14 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: I'm going to 15 overrule the objection, and allow the witness to 16 testify, if he can. 17 BY THE WITNESS: 18 (Knepper) I'm reading my report. So, I'm going 19 back, and it's taking me a little bit to answer 20 your question. 21 It looks like in our report they found 22 one person go to Cheshire Medical Hospital. And 23 then, there was three other patients that were 24 taken for possible exposure to carbon monoxide.

That's what we kind of had in our report. 1 2 BY MR. SHEEHAN: 3 Thank you. And, as part of the Company's 4 response to the event, with which the Safety 5 Division was very much involved, all customers --6 the entire system was shutdown. All customers 7 were checked. And then, there was a careful 8 purging and relighting of all customers over the 9 next day or two. Is that correct? 10 (Knepper) I believe 137 customers were lost. 11 they went through and broke the system into, I 12 believe, going off the top of my head, I'd have 1.3 to go back and look at my report, but let's say 14 it was seven to ten segments. And what they do 15 is they purge all of that bad gas out of the 16 system, and then they reinject all the proper 17 propane-air mixture. And, so, that took about, I 18 think, about eleven -- ten or eleven hours, as I 19 recall. 20 As your report that you're referring to, filed in 21 15-517 indicates, the Company did do a thorough 22 review of what happened, and it came up with 23 recommendations for what we could do to make sure 24 it doesn't happen again. And all of that is

```
documented in your report, either in your
 1
 2
         language, or in the appendices to the report,
 3
         which is the Company's documents, is that
 4
         correct?
 5
         (Knepper) That's correct.
 6
         And, if you turn to Page 17 of your report, --
 7
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer.
 8
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I'm sorry. Thank you.
 9
         Is there an opportunity for the pages to be
10
         shared? Because this report was not included in
11
         the direct testimony, and, if we're going to
12
         follow a quote, I'd like to be able to follow
1.3
         along.
14
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan.
15
         You're on mute.
16
                   MR. SHEEHAN: I can certainly share my
17
         screen, if the technology will let me do that.
18
         Is that up?
19
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: It is. But the
20
         issue I have had with that is that it blocks my
21
         ability to see everybody. Is there a way that
22
         that can simply be read? Or, Ms. Schwarzer, are
23
         you not comfortable with that?
24
                   MR. SHEEHAN: I can keep the -- I'm
```

```
1
         sorry.
 2
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I'm sorry. I'm not
 3
         comfortable, because the report -- I mean, I
 4
         don't mind people referring to it, but --
 5
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Well, Mr.
 6
         Knepper -- Mr. Knepper has it in front of him,
 7
         correct?
                   WITNESS KNEPPER: Correct.
 8
 9
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Okay.
10
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: So, if Mr. Sheehan
11
         is referring to a section, and he can read that
12
         and testify to it, I think that's a fair method
13
         to use.
14
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. Okay.
15
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Shute, did you
16
         have something to add?
17
                   MS. SHUTE: I was just going to
18
         recommend that somebody throw it in an email to
19
         the service list.
20
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: You could do that
21
         as well. I think, for my purposes, I'd like to
22
         have Mr. Knepper do it and bring it in through
23
         his testimony.
24
                   Go ahead, Mr. Sheehan.
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1
                                  Thank you. And I'll stay
                    MR. SHEEHAN:
 2
         at a high level, understanding people don't have
 3
         the words in front of them.
 4
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
 5
         But, in this part of your report, 15, 16, 17,
 6
         includes options that the Company considered,
 7
         options that the Company rejected, and options
         that the Company chose to go forward with. Is
 8
         that a fair overview of these pages?
 9
10
         (Knepper) Yes. I think that's what I wanted to
11
         try to capture, what you had considered as
12
         alternatives.
1.3
         And Page -- and Page 17 has the options that the
14
         Company was proposing to pursue, 1 through 7,
15
         correct?
16
         (Knepper) Yes. Yup, that's correct.
17
         And Option 6 is "Install a CNG for a portion of
18
         the hype system, including the Monadnock
19
         Marketplace, allowing for deactivation of the
20
         blower system." Is that correct?
21
         (Knepper) That's correct.
    Α
2.2
         And there's a column for "Staff Comments", and
23
         the Staff comments were not against that. It was
24
         indicating the things that the Safety Division
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```
1
         thought needed to be done in order to carry out
 2
         that option. Is that a fair characterization?
 3
    Α
         (Knepper) That's correct.
 4
         Okay. Turning to the CNG, what became the CNG
 5
         contract that is at issue here, the Safety
 6
         Division, as you testified, was aware of the
 7
         Company's desire to convert the Monadnock
         Marketplace to CNG during the Winter of 2016-17,
 9
         correct?
10
         (Knepper) Yes. I believe, in the Winter of
11
         December '16 and '17, they were looking to put it
12
         behind the Price Chopper commercial market as
13
         part of the Marketplace.
14
         And that location is in the Marketplace itself,
15
         rather than the current location, which is, say,
16
         a half a mile away, at the end of Production
17
         Avenue, is that correct?
18
         (Knepper) That's correct.
19
         And do you know -- did you know that -- well,
20
         strike that.
21
                    So, the effort to put the CNG temporary
22
         facility in the Marketplace did not get
23
         consummated during that winter, and it was put
24
         aside.
                 And then, we head into the Spring of
```

```
1
         2017, as you indicated, with the Company's plans
 2
         to ultimately put the facility on the end of
 3
         Production Avenue?
 4
         (Knepper) Yes. It didn't get consummated.
 5
         was a lot of difficulties with trying to put it
 6
         behind the Price Chopper. That it just wasn't
 7
         going to work.
 8
         Right. Right. And everyone came to that
    Q
 9
         conclusion, and said "We can't get it done this
10
         winter. Let's stop and reset"?
11
         (Knepper) Yes. And we definitely would not have
    Α
12
         been happy if it were behind the Price Chopper.
13
         Okay. And are you aware that the Company did not
14
         own the blacktop at the end of Production Avenue,
15
         where the temporary skid is now sitting, at that
16
         time?
17
    Α
         (Knepper) In December 2016, I was not aware of
18
         what the Company owned or what they didn't own.
19
         Okay. Then, I'll move on. So, going into the
    Q
20
         Spring of '17, you indicated a meeting with the
21
         Company over the plans to install a CNG facility
22
         for that upcoming winter, or even fall, is that
23
         correct?
24
          (Knepper) We first met with the Company in March,
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```
I believe, March of '17.
                                    So, I would call that
 1
 2
         the "spring period". So, we kind of got over the
 3
         Winter of '16-17. And that's -- at that point in
 4
         time, we wanted to see what are the plans going
 5
         forward.
 6
         And at that meeting were Safety Division
 7
         personnel, the Company's operational personnel,
 8
         Counsel, I was there, Mr. Speidel was there for
 9
         the Commission, and others. It was a pretty big
10
         group, is that fair?
11
         (Knepper) Yes. There was a lot of -- there was
    Α
12
         probably about ten, at least ten people.
1.3
         And, at that time, the Company expressed an
14
         interest in getting the CNG facility up and
15
         running for no later than the '17-18 Winter.
                                                         Ιs
16
         that your reconciliation?
17
    Α
         (Knepper) I think that was their intent, yes.
18
         And did you know then that the plan was to put
19
         the facility at the end of Production Avenue, and
20
         run a pipe from Production Avenue into the
21
         Marketplace?
2.2
    Α
         (Knepper) I'd have to go and check to see what
23
         you presented in that March 2017 --
24
         Okay.
```

```
1
          (Knepper) -- meeting. But I recall, I'm trying
 2
         to -- I'd have to go back and check.
 3
    Q
         You recall that happening. You're not sure when
 4
         you became aware of it, is that fair?
 5
         (Knepper) Yes.
 6
         Okay. Do you remember when the next meeting of
 7
         Safety Division and the Company over the
 8
         implementation of the CNG facility was?
 9
         (Knepper) Let me check my notes. If you want me
10
         to check, I think we had some notes.
11
                    I don't have a definite date.
12
         know we had a lot of conversations.
1.3
         I can represent that the Company's notes indicate
14
         the next big sit-down was August 21 of '17.
15
         that refresh your memory?
16
         (Knepper) It doesn't, because I know -- I think
17
         we had a lot of conversations, either via email
18
         or a phone call, prior to that. But it might be
19
         the first one where we had a face-to-face with
20
         all of the parties.
21
         And just a brief explanation of the issue that
2.2
         we've been talking about in this docket, the
23
         application of Part 192. As I understand it,
24
         simplistically, you have a trailer on a truck
```

```
with the compressed gas.
 1
                                    That is connected to a
 2
         box sitting on the ground, which is where the gas
 3
         is taken from a very high pressure to a
 4
         distribution level pressure, and that's what we
 5
         call the "skid", and that is connected by a pipe
 6
         to the Company's distribution system. Is that a
 7
         fair oversimplification of the process?
 8
         (Knepper) Yes. It's an oversimplification, yes.
 9
         That will work.
10
         And the issue that arose -- or, the question that
11
         arose is whether Part 192, over which you have
12
         authority, applies before the gas enters the
13
         skid, or after it leaves the skid and enters the
14
         Company's distribution system? Is that fair to
15
         say? That was the sort of high-level question?
16
         (Knepper) It was never a question in our mind.
17
         From the getgo, we expected it to fall under Part
18
         192 regulations. And I think we were pretty
19
         resolute in that.
20
         Could you show me any communication from Safety
21
         Division to the Company saying that?
22
    Α
         (Knepper) I would have to go back and check
         e-mails and phone calls, if we did that.
23
24
         there is no -- to me, it was never even a
```

```
1
         question. You always have to follow Part 192,
 2
         period.
 3
         But the question is whether 192 starts at the
 4
         inlet to the skid or the outlet of the skid,
 5
         correct?
 6
         (Knepper) Right. I think we said, from the very
 7
         first part, that the demarcation point would be
 8
         at the flange to the trailer where you hook up,
         i.e., we wanted the transfer, the flex hose, to
 9
10
         be part of it.
11
         So, Part 192 does not cover the truck itself, the
    Q
12
         trailer?
1.3
         (Knepper) Part 192 would not cover the truck
14
         itself, no. The statute, under the Public
15
         Utilities could, our state statues could. But
16
         Part 192 does not. It stops at that flange
17
         there.
18
         And you're aware that other CNG skids in New
19
         Hampshire, admittedly not serving utility
20
         customers, operate under the non-192 code? For
21
         example, there's one at Cheshire Medical Center,
22
         in Keene. There's one at Dartmouth-Hitchcock, in
23
         Lebanon. Correct?
24
         (Knepper) Yes.
                          The only time you have to apply
```

```
the Part 192 is when you are a gas utility.
 1
 2
         Your testimony does not indicate a date when it
 3
         was communicated to the Company that 192 would
 4
         apply to the whole skid, correct?
 5
         (Knepper) I would say it was from the very first
 6
         date when we first found out about it. So, I
 7
         don't know if I have that date. But, to me, it's
         in our regulations. So, I shouldn't even need
 9
         to.
10
         So, I'll ask the next questions.
11
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan?
12
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Yes.
1.3
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: I'm not sure if
14
         you're asking a question, but I think you're on
15
         mute.
16
                   MR. SHEEHAN: No. I'm looking -- yes,
17
         I'm sorry. I'm looking at some notes here. I'm
18
         sorry.
19
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan, you're
20
                   I think you're asking a question now.
         on mute.
21
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Yes.
2.2
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
23
         Mr. Knepper, you're aware that, in October of
         2017, the Commission issued an order that asked
24
```

```
the Safety Division to do a review of records and
 1
 2
         plans and issue a report back to the Commission.
 3
         Do you recall that?
         (Knepper) Yes.
 4
 5
         And I can represent that order came out on
 6
         October 20 of '17. My question is, before that
 7
         order, the Company was in the process of
 8
         modifying the skid to comply with 192. Do you
 9
         recall that?
10
         (Knepper) I believe they were. Because, you
11
         know, as soon as I think we brought -- we said
12
         "here's where the" -- you know, "this is where
13
         the jurisdiction starts, and basically stops", I
14
         think that's what you mean by "demarcation
15
         points", you know, that brings up a whole host of
16
         responsibilities for the utility. And I think we
17
         were pretty clear about that from the getgo.
18
         Because we're always concerned about emergency
19
         response, who's going to do it, who's going to be
20
         in charge of it, who's going to, you know, is an
21
         outside entity going to shut down the entire
22
         system? They don't have that authority to do
23
               What kind of qualifications do you have?
24
         All the things that Part 192 makes, that we
```

```
1
         normally deal with the Company on, are
 2
         applicable.
 3
    Q
         My question was, did you recall that the Company
 4
         was actually doing the modification to the
 5
         trailer, the skid, during the months of August,
         September, October of 2017? Mr. Mostone was in
 6
 7
         there actually doing the modifications himself.
         Do you recall that?
 8
 9
         (Knepper) I believe so.
10
         Okay. And that was to modify the -- and, again,
11
         it's XNG that actually owns the skid. So, the
12
         Company is modifying its vendor's equipment to
13
         comply with 192. Do you recall that?
14
         (Knepper) Yes.
15
         And, if I were to represent to you that that work
16
         began in August of 2017, does that sound right to
17
         you or wrong to you or do you not know?
18
         (Knepper) I don't know. A lot of time has
    Α
19
         transpired since that time, so --
20
         Fair enough.
21
         (Knepper) But I think somewhere in that, plus or
22
         minus three months, somewhere probably in there,
23
         not that I couldn't figure that out.
24
         And then the order that required or asked for the
```

```
Safety Division review came out in October, and
 1
 2.
         then the docket has a sequence of events after
 3
         that, you issued a report, the Company responded,
 4
         then you issued your final recommendation in the
 5
         Spring of 2019. And then, the Commission acted
 6
         on that in July of '19. Does that sound about
 7
         right?
 8
         (Knepper) That sounds about right, yes. I think
 9
         April of 2019. We issued a report in October,
10
         the Company responded in February of 2019. I'm
11
         going from memory. And then, we issued and
12
         said -- we looked over that, it took us about 30
1.3
         to 45 days, we issued that, and then the
14
         Commission came out with July. So, I think I
15
         agree with most of your statement.
16
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Okay. And, for the
17
         parties' benefits, those are the events in
18
         17-068, the so-called "declaratory ruling"
19
         docket, had all those filings.
20
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
21
         Those are all the questions I have for you, Mr.
         Knepper. If I could turn to Mr. Frink.
2.2
23
                   Mr. Frink, if I could propose a simple
24
         way to look at the two issues here, to see if you
```

```
agree, to maybe help everyone. The Staff is
 1
 2
         recommending that we -- that the Company does not
 3
         recover the demand charges for the period of I
 4
         think it's September or August of '17 through
 5
         October of '19. It's roughly a two-year period,
 6
         is that correct?
 7
         (Frink) Yes. That's correct.
    Α
 8
         And is it fair to say that the resolution of that
 9
         issue turns on whether it was prudent for the
10
         Company to sign the contract, the CNG contract,
11
         in May of 2017?
12
         (Frink) Well, that's part of it.
13
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer.
14
         Ms. Schwarzer, are you making an objection or --
15
         if you need to make an objection, please just
16
         speak it out, so that it doesn't get lost on me.
17
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. I believe
18
         there are three contracts at issue here. And
19
         that's the October 2016, the November 2016, and a
20
         May amendment in 2017. So, I think we need to
21
         consider all three contracts.
22
                   MR. SHEEHAN: I'm happy to walk through
23
         those and clarify that with Mr. Frink. And, if
24
         he doesn't know, we'll do it with Mr. Mullen.
```

```
1
                    MS. SCHWARZER:
                                    Thank you.
 2.
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
 3
         So, why don't we do that right now, Mr. Frink.
 4
         Are you aware of the four documents? There's the
 5
         six-month contract entered in the Fall of '16;
 6
         the three-year contract entered in the Fall of
 7
         '16; a document canceling the six-month contract
 8
         that was signed in May; and a document amending
 9
         the three-year contract, also in May. Are you
         aware of those four documents?
10
11
         (Frink) Yes, I am.
12
         So, two of them, the signing of the six-month
1.3
         contract and the termination of that contract,
14
         would you agree are not relevant here?
15
         (Frink) The Company is not seeking recovery of
    Α
16
         any of the expenses, if there were any, under
17
         that first contract. So, I agree with that.
18
         And I can say, the reason for that is no expenses
19
         were incurred, because we never took service
20
         under that contract, and they never delivered the
21
         skid, because that was for the Winter of '16-17,
22
         which, as we just heard, didn't happen. Does
23
         that make sense?
24
         (Frink) Well, if there had been demand charges,
```

```
1
         you would have paid something, regardless of
 2
         whether you got the skid or not. So, I don't
 3
         know all the details of the 2016.
 4
         Okay.
 5
         (Frink) I just know you haven't asked for
 6
         recovery.
 7
         Okay. Fair enough. And, so, that leaves the two
    Q
 8
         documents, being the original three-year CNG
 9
         contract that was signed in late '16, that
10
         initially had a start date of May '17. Does that
11
         sound familiar?
12
         (Frink) Yes.
1.3
         And, then, in May of 2017, that document was
14
         amended to add another year, and to, I think you
15
         said, increase the demand charges and lower the
16
         per use charge, correct?
17
    Α
         (Frink) I don't know if it lowered their per use
18
         charge. But it did include that extra year, and
19
         included the demand charges.
20
         And that was an amendment. So, it's probably
21
         fair that the two documents, the Fall of '16
         original document, with the May 22 amendment,
22
23
         those are the documents that give rise to the
         demand charges that we're talking about today?
24
```

```
1
         (Frink) Yes.
 2
         Okay. So, I can represent, as you know, that we
 3
         are not seeking any costs for those contracts
 4
         prior to May 2017, and those contracts could have
 5
         been canceled in May of '17, if the Company
 6
         decided not to go forward with CNG. You don't
 7
         have to agree with that or not, but I can
 8
         represent that.
 9
                   And, so, where we are now is, in May of
10
         '17, we are at the point of signing that
         amendment for a new start date, a four-year term,
11
12
         and some slightly different financial terms.
13
         That's your understanding?
14
         (Frink) I'll accept your representation.
15
         Okay. And, so, it comes back to what was -- was
16
         that decision, made in May of '17, to go forward
17
         with the CNG under the amended terms, is really
18
         what is at issue in deciding whether the demand
19
         charges should be recovered or not?
20
         (Frink) Well, there's that, and the structure of
21
         the contract. So, the 2016 contract had no
22
         demand charges. I mean, you could have -- you
23
         could have structured it differently. You could
24
         have had a regulatory out.
                                      There are different
```

1		things. It's not just that you signed that
2		contract that far in advance being able to use
3		it. It's also the way it was structured, not to
4		mitigate some of the risk that you faced by not
5		knowing when you might be able to provide it.
6	Q	You're not suggesting that the Company signed the
7		contract in May of '17 knowing it wouldn't start
8		use for two and a half years, are you?
9	А	(Frink) I'm suggesting the Company should have
10		known that they weren't going to be providing
11		wouldn't be able to provide CNG for some amount
12		of time. That there were safety requirements,
13		reviews. And, at that point, you were seeking
14		regulatory approval. So, there were hurdles
15		there that you had to face, or, basically,
16		requirements that you're required to meet.
17		So, again, I don't know, at that time,
18		that you could have guessed it was going to be
19		October. But you should have known it might not
20		be as early as you were told when you signed that
21		contract.
22	Q	Would you agree with me that, if the Commission
23		finds that the Company was prudent in signing
24		that contract in May of '17, then we should be

1 able to recover the demand charges that followed 2 under that contract? 3 I understand you don't agree with that 4 finding of prudence. But, if the Commission were 5 to disagree with you, and say "the contract was 6 prudent", when we signed it in May of '17? 7 (Frink) Well, it might make that finding, and Α 8 might eventually find that the Keene conversion 9 was imprudent, in which case that contract, even 10 if signing it 26 months before you could use it, 11 would all be imprudent. You agree with me that, once there's a finding of 12 1.3 prudence, the Commission can't go back and undo 14 that finding? The Company has the right to rely 15 on a finding of prudence as it goes forward and 16 not be penalized for that, correct? 17 Α (Frink) What I'm saying is, I'm asking for a 18 finding of imprudence, not a finding of prudence. 19 So, I don't think the Commission is in a position 20 to make a prudence finding in this cost of gas. 21 So, if they find it's prudent, then I 22 quess it can't go back later and say "it's 23 imprudent". So, I wouldn't expect them to make 24 that decision in this cost of gas.

```
1
         As to the contract itself, and the resulting
 2
         demand charges, when -- where do you think is the
 3
         right place for the Commission to make that
 4
         finding?
 5
         (Frink) I think the right place is in this docket
 6
         to find it was imprudent. If they're not going
 7
         to do that, then I think they need to wait until
 8
         the rate case, when they have all of the facts,
         and then decide the issue.
 9
10
                    So, until they decide the -- whether
         the Keene conversion was prudent or not, I don't
11
12
         think you can find this contract prudent. You
1.3
         could find it imprudent, to the extent you
14
         shouldn't have entered it, regardless of the
15
         reasons for doing it, without knowing when you
16
         could start taking CNG service, or structured it
17
         such that you wouldn't incur significant costs
18
         prior to being able to take CNG service.
19
         The other topic in this case is what we call the
20
         "incremental costs", and Staff's recommendation
21
         that the Company not recover the difference
22
         between lower propane costs and higher CNG costs
         for the last twelve-month period, correct?
23
24
          (Frink) Yes.
```

```
1
         And, if the Commission were to find -- let me
 2.
         back up. And that's based on Staff's position
 3
         that the conversion of the Monadnock Marketplace
 4
         a year ago was not prudent, or at least that
 5
         hasn't been determined yet?
 6
         (Frink) Correct. That hasn't been determined
 7
         yet.
 8
         If the Commission decides that the conversion of
 9
         the Monadnock Marketplace a year ago was prudent,
10
         would Staff agree that the incremental cost
11
         argument goes away?
12
         (Frink) So, we're just talking about the
1.3
         Monadnock conversion?
14
         Correct. Because those are the only customers
15
         that have received CNG, --
16
         (Frink) Right.
17
         -- and the only customers that --
18
         (Frink) Yes. Okay. I would agree with you.
19
         And, certainly, any other customers that we may
20
         convert in the future are subject to all of the
21
         requirements, pre-approval requirements that the
2.2
         Commission laid out in its rate case orders,
23
         correct?
24
         (Frink) Correct.
```

```
1
         And we'd agree that none of those costs are
 2.
         before us today, and, in fact, none of that
 3
         conversion has happened yet?
 4
         (Frink) Correct.
 5
         Okay. So, again, trying to simplify the issues,
 6
         the incremental cost issue turns on whether the
 7
         Commission -- whether the conversion of the
 8
         Monadnock Marketplace a year ago was prudent or
 9
         not. And one way or the other, the costs are in
10
         or the costs are out?
11
    Α
         (Frink) Yes.
12
         And you think, as to the contract, if the
1.3
         contract was prudently entered, if it -- you want
14
         to say it was imprudently entered, therefore, the
15
         demand charges are not recoverable. Of course,
16
         the Company wants to find that it was prudent to
17
         enter the contract in May of '17 and, therefore,
18
         we should recover the demand charges that are
19
         proposed in this filing. That's sort of, in the
20
         simplest form, the dispute that's before us?
21
         (Frink) I agree.
    Α
2.2
    Q
         Okay. And, in making that decision, again, it's
23
         the information available to the Company at the
24
         time it signed the contract, that is what the
```

```
1
         Commission looks at?
 2
         (Frink) That is the standard, yes.
 3
    Q
         Okay.
 4
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Objection.
 5
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Go ahead.
 6
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. It's a
 7
         legal question. And the standard is not what the
         Company knew, but what they should have known.
 8
 9
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan.
10
                   MR. SHEEHAN: I'll accept that. Thank
11
         you.
12
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Go ahead.
1.3
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
         The Staff also had the opportunity to raise the
14
15
         prudence of the CNG contract, and the resulting
16
         demand charges, on a couple occasions since May
17
         of '17 through the cost of gas filings. Is that
18
         fair?
19
         (Frink) So, you've been incurring -- the Company
20
         has been incurring those demand charges since
21
         2017. And you have not included them in the cost
2.2
         of gas reconciliations as a cost. Until that
23
         occurred, there wasn't a reason, we didn't ever
24
         look at it from a prudency perspective.
```

1 So, when Staff was in support of cost of gas 2 rates that included the CNG demand charges, 3 you're saying that wasn't an indication that 4 Staff was okay with the CNG contract? That was 5 an awkward question, but if you understand it. 6 (Frink) Well, what I'm saying is, the first time 7 you put in a supply plan with forecasted costs 8 that were in excess of propane, the average cost 9 of propane, Staff filed testimony saying "you shouldn't get to recover that incremental cost." 10 Now, that cost includes demand charges and 11 12 commodity charges and adders. We're not saying 1.3 you shouldn't get anything. To the extent you 14 would have spent that money on propane, Staff has 15 no objection to your recovering that. 16 But the incremental costs, actual 17 incremental costs, that supply costs that we're 18 aware of, we're saying you should not be 19 recovering that until there's a ruling on the 20 prudency of the conversion. 21 I'd like to walk you through the argument that 2.2 that the Commission approved the -- the Company's 23 argument that the Commission approved the CNG contract through the May '18 cost of gas order. 24

```
1
                   First, in your testimony, you make the
 2
         statement that a finding of prudence is --
 3
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Excuse me. Excuse me,
 4
         just which order is that specifically? Is that
 5
         the Summer Cost of Gas order for 2018?
 6
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Yes.
 7
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Okay. Thank you.
 8
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
 9
         Mr. Frink, in your testimony, you said "a finding
10
         of prudence is never implicit." Do you recall
11
         that?
12
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Frink, you're
13
         on mute.
    BY THE WITNESS:
14
15
         (Frink) Yes.
16
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
17
         And I'd like to walk through, I think you know
18
         the analogy I'm walking through, the Commission's
19
         recent order in the Granite Bridge docket. In
20
         Granite Bridge, 17-198, the Company proposed
21
         requested approval of two contracts for
22
         EnergyNorth: The PNGTS contract for supply on a
23
         new pipeline upgrade, and an ENGIE contract for
         supply. ENGIE has since become Constellation.
24
```

```
1
         Those two contracts we specifically sought
 2
         approval for in 17-198. Are you aware of that?
 3
    Α
         (Frink) Yes, I am.
 4
         First of all, let me -- never mind.
 5
         motion that the Company filed this summer, we
 6
         asked the Commission to do three things in the
 7
         Granite Bridge docket. One was to let us
 8
         withdraw the original Granite Bridge proposal;
 9
         two, was to add a request to approve the new
10
         Tennessee contract; and three, was to add a
11
         request to recover the Granite Bridge costs,
12
         leaving the two contracts in the docket. So, the
1.3
         new Granite Bridge docket would be Tennessee
14
         Contract, Granite Bridge costs, and those two
15
         contracts that have been sitting around for three
16
         years. Do you understand that to be the case?
17
    Α
         (Frink) Yes, I do.
18
         The order that the Commission issued, 26,409,
19
         just a few weeks ago, accepted the withdrawal of
20
         Granite Bridge, elected not to add those other
21
         two issues to the Granite Bridge docket,
22
         suggesting the Company take them elsewhere, and
23
         then which left the only thing in the docket
24
         being those two contracts. And then, the
```

Commission said the following: "We note that the 1 2 two contracts that Liberty sought approval for in 3 this docket were discussed and approved in 4 Liberty's 2018 Cost of Gas docket, DG 18-137." 5 Do you recall that? 6 (Frink) Yes. I recall that. 7 Okay. And, if you look at DG 18-137, the 8 Company's testimony in that case describes the new contracts. It says "this upcoming cost of 9 10 gas year we have a new contract with PNGTS and we 11 have a new contract with ENGIE." There are some 12 discussion in the transcript, but very little, of 1.3 those contracts. And then, the order that comes 14 out does not mention the contracts at all. 15 simply says, I have quotes here somewhere, but it 16 simply says "we find the rates to be just and 17 reasonable." 18 And, so, why isn't it the case that 19 that cost of gas order, which did not 20 specifically approve any contract, but which the 21 Commission later said "did approve those 22 contracts", why doesn't that analogy apply here? 23 Because, in the May '18 Keene Cost of Gas, the

Commission did approve a cost of gas that

24

included those contracts -- or, included the contract, I'm sorry.

1.3

A (Frink) Okay. So, again, this is a cost of gas proceeding. Those contracts were part of the supply plan. The Commission approved the supply plan with those contracts. But, until you actually incurred the costs, they weren't found prudent.

It's no different from the iNATGAS

proceeding, where the Commission approved a

special contract. And, when you sought recovery,

when you actually spent that money and started

providing that service, and getting the revenues

from that customer, then the Commission, when you

sought recovery, said that wasn't prudent.

This is no different than the other cost of gas. Yes, they approved the contracts as part of the supply plan, but that's just forecasted costs. And I would say it's significantly different than what the CNG contract did, because, on these cost of gas for taking extra capacity on an interstate pipeline, you're already connected to that system, you can take those supplies. There's no uncertainty

regarding the start date.

1.3

So, that's -- but, even if it was, even under those circumstances, we could go back, when you file a reconciliation the next year and included those costs, if we thought they were imprudent, or the Commissioners thought they were imprudent, they could have ruled those imprudent in the next cost of gas hearing.

So, yes, when you approve a supply plan, you're saying "this is reasonable based on the forecast." But the prudency issue doesn't arise until you actually incur the costs. And, for those contracts, you incurred the costs, Staff had no problem with that. You got recovery. It was the actual costs were reflected and recovered through the rates in the following cost of gas. To the extent there was any over or under-recovery of those costs, you have to make it up in the next cost of gas through approval of an under-recovery, or, if you're over-recovered, you have to return part of it. But that's when the prudency was determined on those.

So, the order says "We approve those contracts" as part of that. I agree. Just like

```
they approved the iNATGAS contract in that
 1
 2
         docket. But that wasn't a prudency finding, that
 3
         was just signing off on the contracts at that
 4
         time, and the results were subject to review
 5
         subsequently.
 6
         Mr. Frink, you're aware that the PNGTS contract
 7
         is a 20-year contract, right?
 8
         (Frink) Yes.
 9
         Is it Staff's position that, in year 14, for
10
         example, if, for some reason, that contract
11
         became uneconomic, that the Commission could deny
12
         recovery of the demand charges related to that
13
         contract?
14
         (Frink) I certainly would not expect that.
15
         But, under your analogy, you're saying the
16
         Commission could do that. Because you're, in
17
         effect, saying the prudency review comes after we
18
         incur the costs?
19
         (Frink) When -- let's go back to iNATGAS.
    Α
20
         the Commission approved the contract, disapproved
21
         full recovery, if the Commission, in the next
22
         rate case had said "approved full recovery of
23
         those costs", they would not have gone back at
24
         some point later on and said "you can't recover
```

1.3

those costs." It's just, Staff would never do that, the Commission wouldn't do that.

That is not what I'm suggesting or proposing here. I'm saying, once you enter a contract, and once you start recovering costs under those contracts, and those costs are found to be prudent, I don't see how, at a subsequent date, you can say "well, it was okay back then, but now it's not." So, I don't see that. So, you know, that's just my position on it.

The first time around, if we have an issue with -- if there's a concern with the way you dispatched your supplies with the contracts, once you actually have done them, if there's not an issue, I just -- I don't ever recall that occurring, and I can't imagine would occur. So, that's just -- is it possible? I don't know. I don't think so.

Just to push back a bit on the -- comparing us to iNATGAS. The reason for the iNATGAS disallowance was we spent a lot more on the project than we had told the Commission it would cost, because we built a bigger project. And the Commission said "You shouldn't have done a bigger project. You

```
1
         should have stuck to what you initially
 2
         proposed." That was the reason for imprudence,
 3
         correct?
 4
         (Frink) No. That's part of the reason. If you
 5
         had gotten the revenues you were expecting, and
 6
         you had built a bigger project and generated the
 7
         revenues to pay for that project, that wouldn't
 8
         have been an issue. So, the revenues were a huge
 9
         part of that, too.
10
         We don't need to go down my iNATGAS hole further,
11
         we'll leave that to the lawyers. But iNATGAS was
12
         not a supply contract, correct?
1.3
         (Frink) That is correct.
14
         Okay. There's a comment in your testimony
15
         about --
16
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Just a minute.
         Just a minute, I'm sorry. Ms. Shute, you have
17
18
         your hand up?
19
                   MS. SHUTE: I realize that this
20
         objection is maybe a little late. But I'd like
21
         to ask, Attorney Sheehan brought up a quote about
22
         "two contracts that", from the Granite Bridge,
23
         "sought approval for in this docket were
24
         discussed and approved in Liberty's 2018 Cost of
```

Gas docket." 1 2. And I just looked that up, and that's 3 not the Liberty-Keene cost of gas docket. So, I 4 don't understand the relevance of those 5 contracts? 6 MR. SHEEHAN: I'm happy to respond. 7 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Go ahead. MR. SHEEHAN: The purpose of the 9 reference, Ms. Shute, was to say, in the 10 EnergyNorth cost of gas, those two contracts were 11 approved without any comment. The EnergyNorth 12 2018 cost of gas, the testimony said "We've 1.3 entered these two new contracts. They're part of 14 the rates that we are asking the Commission to 15 approve." The Commission approved those rates 16 without any discussion of the contracts. 17 Fast-forward two years, the Commission 18 said "Approval in that context, in that way in 19 the cost of gas proceeding, constituted the 20 approval of those contracts." Period. 21 New paragraph. I want to apply the 2.2 same logic here. That the Commission's approval 23 of rates for Keene, in the Summer of 2018, which

rates included the CNG demand charges and costs

24

as part of those rates, constitutes approval of 1 2 the contract in the same fashion. So, it's admittedly not the same company, but we think 3 4 it's an analogy, a precedent, that the 2018 cost 5 of gas approval equals approval of the CNG 6 contract. 7 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Shute, do you have a response? MS. SHUTE: I don't at this time. 9 10 did not participate in that cost of gas. And, 11 while I have reviewed the Keene material, I did 12 not review the EnergyNorth material. So, 1.3 identifying whether or not there is an 14 appropriate parallel is not something I can 15 respond to. But, thank you. That's it. 16 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. I'm going to 17 overrule the objection, given the timing. And I 18 think that Mr. Frink was able to provide his

answer related to this docket.

I will say, though, that the order speaks for itself. And I think what I heard Mr. Sheehan represent may be slightly different from the quote I just heard. So, I just want to make the note that the order speaks for itself.

19

20

21

22

23

24

## 1 BY MR. SHEEHAN: 2. The last topic for you, Mr. Frink, is the 3 incremental costs, as we discussed at the outset. 4 I think we agreed that this turns on whether the 5 conversion of the Marketplace was prudent or not. 6 And what I'd like to point you to is the order of 7 July '19, July 26, 2019, Order 26,274. And that is the order where the Commission essentially 8 accepted the Safety Division's recommendation --9 10 MS. SCHWARZER: Excuse me. Is this the 11 declaratory judgment docket? 12 MR. SHEEHAN: Yes. I was just about to 13 say that. 14 BY MR. SHEEHAN: It's the order where the Commission is accepting 15 16 the Safety Division's recommendation, after 17 review of the Company's plans, that we could go 18 forward with the conversion. And it says, at 19 Page 14, "Accordingly, we grant Liberty the 20 permission and approval to undertake the 21 conversion of the Keene system, subject to the 2.2 conditions set forth herein." 23 MS. SCHWARZER: Excuse me. If we might 24 just pause for a moment, so that I can open the

```
1
         order and just follow along, because I just would
 2
         like to be able to do that.
 3
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Let's pause while
 4
         everyone is bringing up that order.
 5
                    [Short pause.]
 6
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Mr. Sheehan, is it
 7
         2016? It was July 26, 2016?
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Nineteen. 2019.
 8
 9
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Okay. And what page
10
         are we on?
11
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Fourteen.
12
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: And, Mr. Sheehan,
13
         when you begin, will you just start at the
14
         beginning with the quote again.
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
15
16
         "Accordingly, we grant Liberty the permission and
17
         approval to undertake the conversion of the Keene
18
         system, subject to the conditions set forth
         herein."
19
20
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I do apologize, but I'm
21
         on Page 14, but I don't see a sentence that
         starts "accordingly".
22
23
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Page 15 or 14?
24
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I think you said "14".
```

```
Is it on 15?
 1
 2
                    MR. SHEEHAN: No, I said "14".
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Is it near the top?
 3
                                                          Ιs
 4
         it --
 5
                    MS. SHUTE: It's the very last
 6
         sentence, before the "Ordered" --
 7
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Got it. Thank you.
 8
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Well, I was
 9
         at "conversion". Mr. Sheehan, I'm not sure where
         you left off. "To undertake conversion".
10
11
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
         "Undertake conversion" -- "undertake the
12
1.3
         conversion of the Keene system, subject to the
         conditions set forth herein."
14
15
                   My question for Mr. Frink is, why
16
         didn't that grant the Company permission to
17
         undertake the conversion of the Marketplace?
18
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Would you please repeat
19
         your question?
20
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: And, Mr. Sheehan,
21
         you're on mute.
2.2
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
23
         Why did that not grant the Company permission to
         convert the Marketplace to CNG?
24
```

(Frink) So, there were three orders in that docket, and it all had to do with whether it was safe to provide service. So, that -- well, the first order said, by your tariff, that you could provide gas under the existing tariff. And then the other clarifying orders were about you can -- it's safe -- you met the requirements to do it safely. None of those orders say that doing so is prudent. And, in fact, in other, the rate case and other places, it has been raised repeatedly that that has not been determined, that that conversion is prudent.

So, the fact that you have three orders in that declaratory ruling request has nothing to do with prudency as regarding cost recovery. It has everything to do with "is it safe to provide service in Keene at this point in time?" So, there were concerns that you went forward with this, with plans to provide CNG that were not adequate, didn't meet the safety requirements, didn't meet the codes, and didn't -- and you didn't -- you hadn't necessarily decided the issue whether you even had the authority.

```
It has, again, nothing to do with was it a
 1
 2
         prudent decision to set, you can -- your plans
 3
         now are adequate to where we feel it's safe to
 4
         do, doesn't mean it was prudent to do.
 5
         Those words don't appear in the order -- in the
 6
         language I just read, does it? It doesn't say
 7
         "It's safe to do it. Now, come back and tell us
         when you do it." It says you have --
 9
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Objection.
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer.
10
11
         Let's hear the objection, Mr. Sheehan.
12
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. There is a
1.3
         portion of the order that Attorney Sheehan has
14
         referred to that specifically says that "The
15
         order is not to be construed as a prudence
         finding."
16
17
                   And, if I could direct everybody's
18
         attention to that portion, I would like to do
19
         that.
20
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer, why
21
         don't you do that on your redirect.
                   MS. SCHWARZER: I will. Thank you.
22
23
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan.
24
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
```

```
1
         The qualifications, Mr. Frink, the qualifications
 2
         that you put on this order, about what the
 3
         Commission meant was, we've checked the "safety"
 4
         box, those are my words, obviously, don't appear
 5
         in the language I just read, is that correct?
 6
         (Frink) That is not in the language that you just
 7
         read, yes.
         Okay. The next sentence is the ordering clause
 8
 9
         itself. "The Safety Division's recommendation
10
         that Liberty be permitted to initiate the
11
         conversion of the Keene propane-air distribution
12
         system to compressed natural gas to customers in
13
         the Keene Division for Phase I is approved."
14
         That's what the ordering clause says, correct?
         (Frink) Unfortunately, I don't have that order in
15
    Α
16
         front of me. Give me just a minute.
17
                   Are we talking about 26,274, that
18
         order? Or is it the 26,294?
19
         274, the first order --
20
         (Frink) 274, okay. So, I have that. And we're
21
         on what page?
22
         At the end, the ordering clause.
23
         (Frink) Commission analysis -- oh, the ordering
24
         clause, okay.
```

```
1
         The second one.
    Q
 2
          (Frink) The second one says "Further Ordered, the
 3
         Commission's Safety Division's recommendation
 4
         that Liberty be permitted to initiate the
 5
         conversion of the Keene propane-air distribution
 6
         system to compressed natural gas to customers in
 7
         the Keene Division for Phase I is approved."
 8
         Okay.
 9
         And Phase I is the Monadnock Marketplace,
    Q
10
         correct?
11
          (Frink) That was the first step, first conversion
    Α
12
         step.
13
         So, is your answer "yes", that "Phase I" equals
    Q
14
         the "Monadnock Marketplace"? You agree?
15
         (Frink) Yes.
    Α
16
         The next paragraph talks about the remaining
17
         phases, the conversion of the entire Keene
18
         system, and it says we can't do so until we've
19
         met future requirements, correct?
20
         (Frink) That is correct.
21
         So, again, my question is, having received this
22
         order in July of '19, why did the -- why should
23
         the Company not believe "it was now okay to
24
         convert the Keene" -- "the Monadnock
```

1		Marketplace"?
2	А	(Frink) The Monadnock Marketplace conversion
3		started well before this order was issued. So,
4		what what's the date on this order?
5	Q	I can represent to you, Mr. Frink, that this
6		order is July '19, and that we actually did the
7		conversion in October of '19, and turned the gas
8		on in late October of '19. So, this was the
9		order that said, we thought, "You're good to go,
10		convert the Marketplace", and we did. And you're
11		trying to say that
12		CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Ms. Schwarzer, are
13		you making an objection?
14		MS. SCHWARZER: I'm asking that a
15		document that Mr. Frink has not had a chance to
16		read recently, which is being focused on in one
17		tiny portion, really ought to be seen in the
18		larger picture. And I think it's unfair to ask
19		Mr. Frink to answer about the last two pages,
20		when there's relevant testimony in the rest of
21		that document there's relevant there's
22		relevant findings in the rest of that document.
23		And, so, it's never been the habit of
24		any lawyer to focus on one sentence out of

2.

1.3

context, or the ordering clause out of context.

The ordering clauses flow from the analysis above them.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Sheehan.

MR. SHEEHAN: I've asked the witness to tell me why I'm wrong with my interpretation of that. He can answer with whatever is in that order, whatever in his knowledge to contradict what we think is a very reasonable interpretation of an ordering clause.

MS. SCHWARZER: But part of that is a legal argument and legal analysis. And the person who is supposed to be providing that for Staff is Staff counsel. And I'd be happy to read the relevant portions of the document into the record.

MR. SHEEHAN: But Mr. Frink made testimony that it was imprudent for us to convert the Marketplace, or I should say "it has not been determined yet". And that's a legal conclusion, too. So, he's taken a step in that direction, frankly, like all witnesses do in PUC proceedings. And, if he has an answer for why, if he can answer my question, great, I'd like to

hear it. If he doesn't, if he considers it a legal argument, save it for others, he can certainly answer that way.

CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Mr. Frink, you can answer to the extent that you are comfortable answering, based upon your own recollection or opinion.

And, Ms. Schwarzer, you can certainly bring up all of those points on your direct -- on your redirect.

MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you.

#### BY THE WITNESS:

1.3

2.2

A (Frink) And, so, I am looking at my testimony, on Bates Page 11, I speak to that. And I quote from the order that, in that order it says "This docket was a proceeding to examine the safety of the CNG facility limited to service in the Monadnock Marketplace. Adequate plans are not equivalent to prudent plans."

So, let me see what else it says.

Okay. Well, my testimony on that issue speaks for itself. It was -- I've stated my understanding of what those contracts -- what those orders did.

```
1
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
 2
         Okay. Thank you. Last couple questions, Mr.
 3
         Frink.
 4
                   Once the Monadnock Marketplace was
 5
         converted to CNG, the Company physically cannot
 6
         supply it with propane. Do you agree with that?
 7
    Α
         (Frink) Yes. Absolutely.
 8
         And, if the Commission were to find it was
 9
         appropriate for us to convert the Marketplace,
10
         the question is not a comparison of propane to
11
         CNG, the question would be simply "is the CNG,
12
         that that's a reasonable cost for those
13
         customers?"
14
         (Frink) I agree.
15
         And Staff has raised no issues with the way that
16
         we obtained, you know, the RFP to get this
17
         pricing. Staff has not raised any objection to
18
         the CNG pricing, as compared to other CNG pricing
19
         we may have obtained. Is that right?
20
         (Frink) Well, again, we haven't done a prudency
21
         review of the -- so, you're in the process of
22
         entering a new contract. As I have already
23
         suggested, this existing contract could have been
24
         structured differently. But the fact that you
```

```
never, until this point, sought recovery of all
 1
 2
         those demand charges that were incurred prior to
 3
         taking service, and the fact that we have said
 4
         don't provide for recovery of incremental costs
 5
         until the conversion issue is decided, means we
 6
         haven't really taken a position on whether the
 7
         terms of the contract are reasonable or are the
 8
         best terms you could have gotten.
 9
         One difference, Mr. Frink, between future supply
10
         costs and future demand costs is that, although
11
         the supply costs may be estimated, the demand
12
         costs are fixed and known. Fair enough?
13
         (Frink) Yes. That's correct.
14
         So, the Commission -- the Staff could take a
15
         position on demand costs the first time the
16
         contract comes up for inclusion in cost of gas
17
         rates? You could say "This is a bad contract.
18
         The demand charges are too high"?
19
         (Frink) Yes. Absolutely, we could do that.
    Α
20
         And Staff didn't?
21
         (Frink) Well, we haven't to date. Again, this is
22
         the first time that you've sought recovery of
23
         actual costs incurred under that contract. So,
24
         in 2018, when you showed a supply plan with
```

significantly higher costs for CNG, and they have only gotten more out-of-whack since then, then it became an issue.

We've been bringing it up at every cost of gas hearing. We certainly hope to resolve it in the pending distribution rate case that's before the Commission. But it's -- demand costs are a feature in gas supply for EnergyNorth, not as much for Keene, because you have limited options. But, generally, peaking supplies, you want the lowest demand costs possible, because you don't know if you're going to use them. And you had entered a contract here with -- when you didn't know you were going to use it with high demand costs. So, that's -- our position is maybe that was an imprudent contract.

But you're right, we have not, to date, argued that point.

- Q Mr. Frink, do you agree that the Company is going to have to leave the propane-air facility in the coming years?
- A (Frink) No. I don't agree with that.
- Q Okay. Mr. Frink, the demand costs that are part of this contract, was there a portion of those

```
that were approved in the summer cost of gas?
 1
 2
         (Frink) Which summer cost of gas?
 3
         We had a portion of the -- the CNG went live in
 4
         October, which is the summer period. So, those
 5
         costs were included in the next Summer of 2020
 6
         cost of gas filing.
 7
         (Frink) So, we did talk about that in the cost of
    Α
 8
         gas. It represented 3.5 percent of the sales.
 9
         That -- so, we have been arguing, as I've said
         all along, that incremental costs shouldn't be
10
         recovered. Incremental costs, CNG costs, are
11
12
         made up of demand costs and commodity costs and
1.3
         adders, etcetera. So, to the extent that's part
14
         of their total bill, we did not specifically say
         "you shouldn't be allowed to recover the demand
15
16
         costs." When it is -- we'll be looking at the
17
         incremental costs as a whole. But we did not --
18
         yes, there were demand costs -- there would have
19
         been actual demand costs from October 4th through
20
         October 30th for the Summer of 2019.
21
         And those rates, including whatever
22
         reconciliation, that was again approved by the
23
         Commission with the Summer 2020 Cost of Gas rate?
24
         (Frink) Right. So, we're not going to go back
```

```
and say "you can't recover that small piece of
 1
 2
         demand charge for that small piece of period", to
 3
         the extent it didn't exceed the total bill for
 4
         CNG over the cost of propane.
 5
                   MR. SHEEHAN: Okay. That's all I have.
 6
         Thank you.
 7
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. I think
         we'll take a fifteen minute break at this time,
 9
         and return at three o'clock. Thank you.
10
                    (Recess taken at 2:45 p.m. and the
11
                   hearing resumed at 3:03 p.m.)
12
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Let's go
1.3
         back on the record then. Commissioner Bailey.
14
                   CMSR. BAILEY: Thank you.
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
15
16
         Can we look at Mr. Mullen's testimony,
17
         Exhibit 6? And I'd like to look at the timeline
18
         on Page 39.
19
                   Can we -- well, can you help me fill in
20
         some of the things we were just talking about?
         Mr. Frink or Mr. Knepper, do you agree with this
21
22
         timeline? And do you think that it's a complete
23
         timeline?
24
         (Knepper) Could you say what Bates Page that's
```

```
1
         on?
 2
         Page 39, I believe.
 3
         (Frink) I believe it's accurate. I think it's a
 4
         very handy timeline, and it fits with my
 5
         understanding.
 6
         It's consistent with your understanding, is that
 7
         what you said?
 8
         (Frink) Yes.
 9
         Mr. Knepper?
    Q
10
         (Knepper) I didn't really analyze it. I'm
11
         squinting now to try to read it. I don't have
12
         any comments on it. So, --
1.3
         Okay. Hold on one second. Mr. Knepper, I don't
    Q
14
         have in front of me the recommendations that you
15
         made in the safety report that you discussed with
16
         Mr. Sheehan. But you said that there were
17
         several options on Page 17, do you remember that?
18
         (Knepper) I do remember that.
    Α
19
         Can you tell me what other options were available
20
         to the Company to address the blower problem?
21
         (Knepper) Yes. When we wrote that report, the
    Α
22
         Company submitted different options that they
23
         considered along the way. And they put them into
24
         buckets of whether they were "short term",
```

1.3

"medium term", or "long term". And, so, at the time, we were focused on short term, when we wrote this report, because it was within 90 days after the event occurred in December. And, so, we had been ordered by the Governor to write a report.

But I do remember they had gone through those alternatives. And one of them, the long-term one, they had talked about installing LNG, and they had also -- another option was to install CNG.

- Q And do you believe that that was the only -those were the only options to address the
  problem with the propane system and the blowers?
- A (Knepper) No. I think the options that they had, where I think there was one of seventeen or so that I recall. But the immediate ones had already been taken care of, as far as replacing they had a fuse that had gone bad, and they had done some rewiring. They had brought some people over. They had done some certain things that they could do immediately. And those were the ones that they implemented. And then, it became part of a long-term, I guess,

```
1
         strategy that they were talking about doing.
 2
                   But our report wasn't really focused on
 3
         the long term. It was the report was focused on
 4
         what was their response to the event.
 5
         Okay. And do both of you or, Mr. Frink, do you
 6
         have a copy of Order 26,274 handy?
 7
    Α
         (Frink) I have it open, yes.
 8
         All right. Now, I have to get back to it. Hang
 9
         on one second.
10
                   All right. I'm just going to ask you,
11
         did that order have anything to say about whether
12
         the conversion to Monadnock Marketplace was
13
         prudent?
14
         (Frink) There was no -- nothing in that order
15
         that said the Monadnock Marketplace conversion
16
         was prudent.
17
    Q
         Were there words in the order that -- to the
18
         effect that we were not making a prudency
19
         finding?
20
         (Frink) I believe so. I'm looking at the order.
21
         And I'm looking at Page 10, the bottom of Page
22
         10.
             It says "the conversion of the Keene system
23
         will also include the replacement of much of the
24
         existing system pipelines that currently provide
```

1.3

propane-air gas to customers. Liberty provided only limited testimony in its general rate case as to how the proposed conversion might be economically just and reasonable."

"In Order 26,065," that was the first order in that docket, "we cautioned that the declaratory ruling did not include any finding of prudence. In this order, we clarify that Order", again, the prior order, "26,065 should not be construed to constitute pre-approval of as yet undefined proposals for future capital projects within Liberty's Keene system. The Company stated in the acquisition proceeding that it would pursue conversion to CNG or LNG if it's economical to do so, and results in lower cost to customers."

And, then, there's one more sentence after that. "As Staff testified in Liberty's most recent rate case, the Company has not provided a comprehensive business plan for the Keene system conversion and has provided little or no economic analysis or justification of the costs of the proposed system to ratepayers."

To me, that clearly says there hasn't

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1
         been a prudency finding to date, and the Company
 2
         hasn't demonstrated it. So, it's open.
 3
    Q
         Okay.
 4
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Commissioner
 5
         Bailey, you were on mute for that last little
 6
         bit.
 7
                   CMSR. BAILEY: I said "Okay. Thank
               That's all I have of this panel."
 8
         you.
 9
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Thank you. Okay.
10
         I just have a few questions, probably for Mr.
11
         Knepper.
12
    BY CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN:
1.3
         How long, prior to the -- we'll call it the
14
         "safety incident" with the blowers that we've
15
         heard testimony about today, how long had the
16
         Company or its predecessors provided propane-air
17
         prior to that incident? If you know.
18
         (Knepper) Decades.
    Α
19
         Okay. And are you aware of whether an incident
20
         like that had ever happened in the past?
21
         (Knepper) When we did our investigation, we had
    Α
22
         asked for ones that, you know, anything similar,
23
         we had asked that as part of our discovery
24
         questions to them. And they had given us some
```

1 things, but nothing to the extent that happened 2 in September -- or, December of 2015. 3 They have had blips before on their 4 They have always been able to, even when 5 it got out of the range of the propane-air ratio, 6 they were always able to get it back in line very 7 quickly. And, so, you know, we didn't think, in 8 9 my opinion, it wasn't like the very first time, 10 that this had never ever happened before. They 11 had to different degrees and to different 12 situations, they have had malfunctions of their 13 propane-air system in the past. 14 Can you, I guess, clarify for me then whether it 15 was it a -- it sounded like it came from a power 16 failure. But was there also a related equipment 17 failure? 18 (Knepper) Yes. 19 Could you walk through that? 20 (Knepper) So, the power failure instigated the 21 equipment not responding the way it normally 22 would. So, you know, the root cause is probably 23 the power failure from the electrical provider. 24 But all customers have to have equipment that

1.3

can, you know, the utilities, just like today, don't have to be able to provide service all the time. And, so, they had, for those situations where they have power outages, they had backup generators.

But they had installed equipment that was very sensitive to voltage dips. And, so, they had a brief voltage dip. It lasted, I think, less than a second. But it was enough to trip and trigger the equipment to not respond like it normally would.

Q Okay. Thank you. You testified earlier, and I'm not quoting but summarizing, that the Company needed to meet a number of safety requirements in order to convert to CNG, and you walked through some of those.

Is there an estimate as to how long that meeting those outstanding requirements should have taken? Are you able to give an opinion on that?

A (Knepper) So, you know, the minute you start to flow gas, you have to be prepared for all the situations that are now your responsibility. So, you have to have preparations for "how am I going

1.3

to be able to shut this down in an emergency?"
You know, "Is it going to be a matter of minutes?
How long is it going to take people to get
there?" "When I do maintenance on things, are
people qualified to work on compressed natural
gas, whereas before they may not have been?"
"Have they informed the public?" "Do the
plumbing and heating contractors know that this
customer is on natural gas, whereas another
customer on another street is still on
propane-air?" And, so, they should expect these
type of things.

These all become what we call "safety requirements" that Liberty is used to on a day-to-day basis throughout their regular systems. And, now that you introduced a new element to Keene, natural gas, you've got to be prepared for it. I mean, the pressures are higher. So, you've got to be prepared for those kind of things. And those are what we call the "safety requirements" that are associated with it.

Q In your opinion, could those safety requirements have been completed, assuming a contract were

entered into May, by November of the same year? 1 2 (Knepper) It wasn't really dependent upon when a 3 contract's signed. It's dependent upon when 4 you're going to flow gas. The minute you flip 5 the switch, and you turn it on, you now have to 6 be prepared to be able to respond. 7 So, whenever that is, whether -- if you 8 sign a contract, and a month later you're going to start to flow gas, then the answer is "that's 9 10 when you have to be prepared to do it." If it 11 ends up being six months later, you have to be 12 prepared. 1.3 Those are the kind of things that we 14 pointed out to the Company that you need to think 15 through, because you are a regulated utility. 16 You're not just an end-user for a CNG supplier. 17 Okay. So, assuming that, I think it was Section 18 192 that we heard testimony about earlier, 19 assuming that applies, could the Company have met 20 the requirements, the safety requirements related 21 to that, within six months? 22 Α (Knepper) Could they have met the requirements of 23 that within six months? The answer was, I don't 24 know whether they -- they could have, if they had

1		properly prepared and done those type of things,
2		but they did not. And, so, every time we asked a
3		question, they kind of responded to our question.
4		They hadn't really pre-thought it out, they
5		hadn't, you know, they really hadn't had an
6		answer to some of those things. And, so, that's
7		when it became quite apparent that they had to
8		put a plan together, a comprehensive plan, and
9		that you couldn't just do this piecemeal.
L 0	Q	So, it wasn't that it was impossible to have met
L 1		the safety requirements. It was just that the
L 2		Company didn't, in your opinion, plan to and work
L 3		toward meeting those, in that timeframe?
L 4	А	(Knepper) That's correct. They certainly could
L 5		have; they did not. And, so, that's when we
L 6		the Commission, you know, we kind of said to the
L 7		Commission "they need to file a plan here, and we
L 8		need to review what's going on." And within
L 9		that, that's when we, you know, came back with a
20		set of 180 some recommendations and comments of
21		where they needed to improve things.
22		You can't safely run a system, if the
23		drawings say one thing, and the part that's
2 4		installed is something else. You have to have

you have to have knowledge and intimate knowledge of the system, what you have. So that, when you have an emergency, you've got it all. You're not scrambling and trying to look it up.

And, you know, introducing a third party, XNG, to operate equipment on -- that's traditionally owned by a regulated utility just raised a lot of concerns for the Commission. And that's when we, you know, we started asking a lot of questions.

- Q We heard about a dispute over the applicability of Part 192. When and how was that resolved?
- A (Knepper) Well, I guess the dispute -- I guess the Company might have thought there was a dispute. There was never a question in my mind from day one. It was they were always subject to 192. That's what our regulations, our Puc 500 rules say. And, so, it was applicable in this case, just like any other case that they supply gas to. Except for, when they do LNG, they have to follow Part 193, and that's written in our rules as well.
- Q Okay. I understand that the Commission's position, Staff's position was that that Part

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1
                          I was wondering if there was a
         always applied.
 2
         point in time at which the Company indicated to
 3
         you or other Staff that it was no longer
 4
         disputing the applicability of Part 192?
 5
         (Knepper) I think it became pretty clear, and we
 6
         were pretty adamant that it falls under that,
 7
         because it just raised a whole host of other
 8
         questions that they wouldn't be able to, you
 9
         know, answer. You can't have a third party to be
10
         able to shut down an entire gas distribution
         system remotely, from afar, because, you know,
11
12
         some alarm goes off. That's clearly the
1.3
         utility's responsibility. We don't allow fire
14
         departments to do that. Only the utility, who
15
         has the information and knows the impact and what
16
         it's going to be, can do those kind of things.
17
                   CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.
18
         I have no other questions.
19
                   Ms. Schwarzer.
20
                   MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you very much.
                                                           Ι
21
         just have two follow-up questions for Mr.
2.2
         Knepper.
23
                      REDIRECT EXAMINATION
24
    BY MS. SCHWARZER:
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1
         Mr. Knepper, did the Safety Division's Adequacy
    Q
 2
         Assessment Report, in DG 17-068, regarding the
 3
         safety issues associated with CNG conversion in
 4
         Keene, recommend to the Commission that any or
 5
         all costs incurred by Liberty, including the
 6
         demand costs associated with the XNG CNG supply
 7
         contract, for the Keene conversion be considered
         prudent?
 8
 9
                   And this question is in your prefiled
10
         testimony, at Bates 004, at Lines 10 through 13.
11
         (Knepper) And, so, my answer is the same as it
12
         was in the prefiled testimony, on Line 15, that
13
         says "no".
14
         Okay. So, did the Safety Division's report
15
         constitute any sort of statement about the
16
         advisability or the reasonableness of the costs
17
         or the economics for the conversion, other than
18
         safety?
19
         (Knepper) No. We didn't. We purposefully tried
    Α
20
         to stay away from that, because that wasn't part
21
         of the Commission's order for us to investigate.
         It was not part of the scope of the work. And,
22
23
         to do that, we would then have to probably bring
24
         in the Gas Division, and it would become a -- not
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1
         a Safety Division report, it would become an
 2
         entire Gas and Safety Division effort. And, so,
 3
         that's not part of it.
 4
         So, Mr. Knepper, I don't know if you have
 5
         decision -- excuse me -- Order 27 -- the one Mr.
 6
         Frink was reading from. It's the Order, DG
 7
         17-068, Order 26,274?
 8
         (Knepper) I'm looking at it from the Commission
 9
         website, yes.
10
         Okay. So, if you go to the bottom of Page 14?
11
         (Knepper) I'm on Page 14.
         Okay. And there are two "further ordered"
12
13
         clauses at the bottom. "Further ordered, that
14
         the Commission's Safety Division's recommendation
15
         that Liberty be permitted to initiate the
16
         conversion of the Keene propane-air distribution
17
         system to compressed natural gas to customers in
18
         the Keene Division for Phase I is approved."
19
                    In your opinion, is that "further
20
         ordered" clause commenting on prudence?
21
         (Knepper) No. I believe it only is talking about
    Α
22
         the safety measures employed to do the initial
23
         conversion of Phase I.
24
         And, in that clause, it specifically references
```

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1
         the "Commission's Safety Division's
 2
         recommendation", correct?
 3
    Α
         (Knepper) That's correct.
 4
         Then, the next one is "that Liberty shall not
 5
         flow any gas through Phases II through V of
 6
         CNG/LNG installations in Keene until the Director
         of the Commission's Safety Division has found the
 7
 8
         required plans and reports to be adequate and has
 9
         completed its physical inspection of the
10
         facilities."
11
                    Does that go to safety or prudence?
12
    Α
         (Knepper) That goes to safety. And it's very
1.3
         similar to the phrasing that the Commission
14
         ordered in the first phase. That you can't flow
15
         gas until you submit some plans and we do some
16
         inspections.
17
                    MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. I don't
18
         have any further questions.
19
                    CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. Thank you.
20
         Mr. Sheehan, how is Mr. Mullen doing at this
21
         point?
2.2
                    MR. SHEEHAN: I think he's doing fine.
23
         I chatted with him. He still does not have
24
                 And the report from Eversource is
         power.
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1 "there's many outages", and no projection on when 2. he'll be turned back on. He is here. He can probably speak, if 3 4 there's been any update. 5 MR. MULLEN: I just checked on my 6 phone. And, again, there's no estimated 7 restoration time. So, I have no other information, other than I'm out of power, and they know about it. 9 10 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. So, it 11 sounds like we may need to continue this hearing 12 for the testimony of Mr. Mullen. 1.3 Okay. Is there anything else we need 14 to do, before we do that? 15 Ms. Schwarzer. 16 MS. SCHWARZER: Thank you. I would 17 move Exhibit 10 into evidence, which is Mr. 18 Knepper's prefiled direct testimony. 19 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: I think we can 20 probably do the remainder of the exhibits at 21 once, because we don't have an interim pending 2.2 order. 23 MS. SCHWARZER: Okay. 24 CHAIRWOMAN MARTIN: Okay. So, why

don't we then continue this hearing to another for the testimony of Mr. Mullen. And the Executive Director will have to look at our schedules and work with the parties to come up with a date. And I know that the parties are pretty business right now. But I also know that this needs a quick turnaround.

So, with that, I think we will close the hearing for the day, continue it to a future date that will be determined. And we are adjourned. Thank you, everyone.

(Whereupon the hearing was adjourned at 3:28 p.m. Continuation of the hearing (Day 3) will be held on a date to be determined.)